RoboCylinder with Standard Battery-less Absolute Encoder

## RCP5 Series

## Rod-Type

ABSOLUTE

## Electric Actuator with Built-in Battery-less Absolute Encoder




Single-axis Controller PCON-CA

Supporting the battery-less absolute encoder


6-axis controller with PLC function MSEP-LC (*)
Supporting the battery-less absolute encoder PLC function 6-axis position control Supporting the PowerCon (3 axes) Supporting field networks
(*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity.


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8-axis controller MSEP-C
Supporting the battery-less absolute encoder
8-axis position control
Supporting the PowerCon (4 axes)
Supporting field networks

The RoboCylinder is Easy to Use!!!

## No More <br> Problems

## Shop-Floor Problems and Solutions

| $\|c\|$ |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Air cylinder } \\ \text { problems }\end{array}$ | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Reduced operation <br>

rate due to choco-tei <br>
caused by the auto <br>
switch failure or air <br>

pressure fluctuations\end{array}\right\}\)| Difficult to shorten |
| :--- |
| cycle-time due to the |
| speed limit from the |
| shock caused by a |
| stoppage |



Electric actuator problem (Absolute type)

Higher cost

Battery replacement time management is required

Battery replacement labor and cost

|  | Electric actuator <br> problem <br> (Absolute type) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 Higher cost |  |
| 2Battery replacement <br> time management is <br> required |  |
| 3 | Battery replacement <br> labor and cost |



Solved with an electric actuator (CT Effects)*


Choco-tei significantly reduced
Speed increase nowpossible with no shock caused by a stoppage

Solved with the absolute type

Home return not required

## Solved with the battery-less absolute type

Battery is not required
Slider type offered at the same price as the incremental type

## Problems solved with the RCP5 Series!



[^0]
## What is an absolute encoder?



The home reference is lost when the power is shut down. This type of encoder will return to home before making a commanded move after a power cycle.

## Absolute type

With this type, position data is retained even if the power is shut down and it can be started from the current position where the power is turned on.

## Advantages of an absolute encoder

Advantage 1:

## Advantage 2:

Home return is not required, which means reduced amount of labor and time required for adjustment when starting up the device. The amount of time required is reduced for adjustment to restart the device after an emergency stop.

## What is a battery-less absolute encoder?

A battery-less absolute encoder is an absolute encoder that verifies the current position based on the interlocked gear position. On conventional absolute encoders, the current position was stored in the battery. battery-less type is now available and a battery to store data is no longer required.


## Advantages of a battery-less absolute encoder

| Advantage 1 : | More economical with no cost associated with battery replacement. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Advantage 2: | Battery replacement management is no longer required. <br> Labor for replacement work is also no longer required. |
| Advantage 3 | Battery installation space is not required. |
| Advantage 4: | Operation can resume with no adjustment required even when the cable between the controller and the actuator is replaced because the positional information is read each time |
| Advantage 5: | No external sensor, such as a sensor to check the origin, is required since home return is not necessary. |
| Advantage 6: | IAI's slider type, even with the battery-less absolute encoder, is offered for the same price as the conventional incremental type. |

## Service life of a battery-less absolute encoder

The mechanical configuration of the battery-less absolute encoder offers a service life that is approximately four times the actuator guide's standard rating. Furthermore, it can be used with a sense of security because it will output an error when a certain amount of wear in the gear section is detected.

# Feature 1.5 times higher maximum speed and double the payload when combined with a PowerCon 

## Shorter Takt Time Significantly Boosts the Productivity of Your System

When the new controller <PowerCon> is equipped with our newly developed high-output driver (patent pending) is used, the maximum speed increases significantly by up to 1.5 times the levels achievable with IAl's conventional models, while the payload is greater by up to twice (*). In addition to these amazing improvements in specifications, the maximum speed does not drop as much even when the payload increases due to increased torque with the high speed motor, meaning that the dynamic performance equivalent to that of a higher-class model can be achieved at lower cost.



## Multi-axis type is now available with a PowerCon

The MSEP controller, now with a PowerCon, is capable of operating the RCP5 in up to four-axis applications at high speeds 1.5 times the level achievable with the conventional models, and at a least double the dynamic payload performance. Additionally, the standard type not combined with a PowerCon can operate the RCP5 in up to eight-axis applications. Furthermore, it can move to a specified value via a field network.


The rod type <Radial Cylinder> with a built-in guide mechanism can carry radial loads over a long stroke of up to 800mm.

The rod type <Radial Cylinder> has a built-in ball circulating type linear guide mechanism in the actuator to carry radial loads applied to the rod over a long stroke of up to 800 mm . The actuator can also support a radial load applied at a position offset from the center of the rod.


Usage example 1 When a guide mechanism is required in a tight space


Usage example 2 When the rod needs to be straight


Feature
Easier to Maintain
Greasing has become easier, as the ball screw and guide can be lubricated at the same time from the two grease nipples on the left and right, accessible when the frame cover is removed.


This feature is not available for RCP5-RA8/RA10

## Variation＿RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

The RoboCylinder is Easy to Use！！！


| Type | External view | Actuator width | Stroke （mm） | Ball screw lead（mm） | Maximum speed （ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ） | Maximum payload（kg） |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Horizontal | Vertical |  |
| RA4C |  |  | 60～410 | 16 | 1120 ＜840＞ | 6 | 1.5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10 | 700 | 15 | 2.5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5 | 350 | 28 | 5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2.5 | 175 | 40 | 10 |  |
| RA6C |  |  | 65～415 | 20 | 800 | 6 | 1.5 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 12 | 700 | 25 | 4 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 6 | 450 | 40 | 10 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 | 225 | 60 | 20 |  |
| RA7C | d |  | 70～520 | 24 | 800 〈600〉 | 20 | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 16 | 700 〈560〉 | 50 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 8 | 420 | 60 | 18 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 | 210 | 80 | 28 |  |

## Rod type

$\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .23$

| Model | Type | External view | Actuator width | Stroke （mm） | Ball screw lead（ mm ） | Maximum speed （ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ） | Maximum payload（kg） |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Horizontal | Vertical |  |
| Straight motor specification | RA8C |  |  | 50～700 | 20 | 600 〈450〉 | 30 | 5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 300 〈250〉 | 60 | 40 | $\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .23$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 150 | 100 | 70 |  |
|  | RA10C |  |  | 50～800 | 10 | 250 〈167〉 | 80 | 80 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 125 | 150 | 100 | $\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .25$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | 63 | 300 | 150 |  |
| Side－mounted motor specification | RA8R | $4 \gg$ | －0 | 50～700 | 20 | 400 | 30 | 5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 200 | 60 | 40 | $\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .27$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 100 | 100 | 70 |  |
|  | RA10R |  | ๑๐ | 50～800 | 10 | 200 ＜140〉 | 80 | 80 | $\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .29$ |
|  |  |  | $0$ |  | 5 | 100 | 150 | 100 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | 50 | 300 | 150 |  |

## Controller $\rightarrow$ P． 39

| Maximum number of connected axes | Type | External view | I／O control function | Applicable encoder | Power－supply voltage | Features | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 axis | PCON－CA／CFA |  | － | Incremental |  | Single－axis positioner is designed for easy control using PIOs．Common boards are used to let you operate the range of actuators from RCP2 through RCP5 with the same controller by simply changing the parameters． | $\rightarrow \text { P. } 39$ |
| 8 axes | MSEP－C |  | － | Simple absolute <br> Battery－less absolute | DC24V | 8－axis positioner is designed for easy control using PIOs．A combination of pulse motor， AC servo motor and $D C$ servo motor actuators can be operated with one controller． |  |
| 6 axes | MSEP－LC（＊） |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | The I／O control function supports standalone operation and control of peripheral equipment． |  |

（＊）MSEP－LC coming soon with CE conformity．

## Models/Options_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## The RoboCylinder is Easy to Use!!!

## Model

Specification

## Items

## Model Specification Items



## Option

## Actuator Options

| Brake | $\begin{array}{cl}\text { Applicable models } & \text { All models } \\ \text { Descripition } & \begin{array}{l}\text { A mechanism that is used to hold the slider or rod in place when the actuator is used vertically, } \\ \text { so that it will not drop and damage the work part, etc., when the power or servo is turned off. }\end{array}\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option code: B |  |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction Option code: CJT CJR CJL CJB CJO |  |  | A10R <br> direction of the motor/encoder cables to the top, bottom, left or right. <br> Side-mounted motor type <br> * View from the front of the actuator |
| $\square$ Side-mounted motor direction Option code: ML/MR <br> * Be sure to specify either "ML" or "MR" for the side-mounted motor type. | Apopicable models <br> Description <br> The motor is <br> side-mounted <br> to the left <br> (standard) <br> Option <br> code: ML | RCP5-RA8R/RA10R <br> The side-mounted motor dire respectively, as viewed from | be specified. ML and MR represent the left and right, side of the actuator. <br> The motor is side-mounted to the right Option code: MR |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non-motor end } \\ & \text { specification } \\ & \text { Option code: NM } \end{aligned}$ | Applicable models <br> Description | All models <br> Select this option if you want from the normal position (the | e the home position of the actuator's slider or rod d) to the front end. |

## Flange Option code: FL

## Applicable models <br> Description

## RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C/RA8C/RA8R/RA10C/RA10R

A bracket that is used to secure a rod actuator from the actuator side. The flange can be purchased separately later. * For dimensions on each model, check on P. 59.

```
Tip Adapter
    (Flange)
    Option code: FFA
```

```
Tip Adapter
    (Internal thread)
    Option code: NFA
```

Tip Adapter
(Keyway)
Option code: KFA

## Applicable models

Description

## Applicable models

Description

## Applicable models

Description

## RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C

An adapter that is used to install jigs, etc. on the rod tip using four bolts.

* For dimensions on each model, check on P. 59.


## RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C

An adapter that is used to install jigs, etc. on the rod tip using a bolt.

* For dimensions on each model, check on P. 60.


## RCP 5-RA4C



## Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1) The payload in "Actuator Specifications" represents the maximum values, but the payload of a specific model varies depending on the acceleration. For details, refer to "Selection Guideline" (Table of RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration) on pp. 33 to 34.
(2) Refer to P. 31 for the push-motion operation.


Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | $\mathrm{P}(1 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | $\mathrm{S}(3 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X15(15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~ R 05 (5m) |
|  | R 06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R 11(11m) ~ R 15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~ R 20(20m) |

Option

| Name | Option code | See page |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brake | B | $\rightarrow P .10$ |  |
| Flange | FL | $\rightarrow P$ |  |
| Tip adapter (flange) | FFA | $\rightarrow P .59$ |  |
| Tip adapter (internal thread) | NFA | $\rightarrow P .60$ |  |
| Tip adapter (keyway) | KFA |  |  |
| Non-motor end specification | NM | $\rightarrow P .10$ |  |

Actuator Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw $\varnothing 8 \mathrm{~mm}$, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\varnothing 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 18 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |


| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(*1) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)

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＊1 During home return，be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end．
＊2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product
＊3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange，make sure the actuator will not receive any external force
（For details，refer to＂Notes on Installing Rod Actuators＂on P．31．）
ME：Mechanical end
SE：Stroke end




－Dimensions and Mass by Stroke
＊The dimensions in（）apply when brake is equipped．

| Stroke |  | 60 | 110 | 160 | 210 | 260 | 310 | 360 | 410 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | Without brake | 303 | 353 | 403 | 453 | 503 | 553 | 603 | 653 |
|  | With brake | 334 | 384 | 434 | 484 | 534 | 584 | 634 | 684 |
| A |  | 50 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| B |  | 35 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 |
| C |  | 25 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| D |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| E |  | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 |
| F |  | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 |
| G |  | － | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| H |  | 50 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 |
| J |  | 134 | 184 | 234 | 284 | 334 | 384 | 434 | 484 |
| K |  | 179 | 229 | 279 | 329 | 379 | 429 | 479 | 529 |
| M |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod（N） |  | 55.8 | 44.6 | 37.1 | 31.7 | 27.6 | 24.3 | 21.7 | 19.5 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of rod（N） | Load offset Omm | 25.4 | 19.5 | 15.5 | 12.8 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 6.9 |
|  | Load offset 100mm | 16.5 | 14.5 | 12.4 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 6.2 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod（Nm） |  | 5.6 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque at end of rod（Nm） |  | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Mass（kg） | Without brake | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
|  | With brake | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 |

Applicable Controller
RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below．Select the type according to your intended application．

| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input <br> power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioner type |  | PCON－CA－35PWAI－NP－■－0－■ PCON－CA－35PWAI－PN－ㅁ－0－$\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P． 46 | Refer to P． 39 |
| Pulse－train type |  | PCON－CA－35PWAI－PLN－$\square-0-\square$ PCON－CA－35PWAI－PLP－ㅁ－0－■ | Equipped with a high－output driver Pulse－train input type | － |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON－CA－35PWAI－（1）－0－0－$\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |
| Position controller， 8－axis type | 117\％ | MSEP－C－$\square$－35PWAI～$\square-\square-0$ | Positioner type that accepts connection of up to eight axes． | 3 points／256 points |  | Refer to P． 55 | Refer to P． 47 |
| 6 －axis type with I／O control function | IIII | MSEP－LC－■－35PWAI～ロ－ロ－0－ロ（＊） <br> ${ }^{*}$ ）MSEP－LC coming soon with CE conformity． | Axes can be moved and I／O signal turned ON／OFF using a ladder logic program． | 256 points |  |  |  |

＊In the model numbers shown above，（1）indicates the field network specification（DV，CC，PR，CN，PRT，EC or EP）

## RCP 5-RA6C



## Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1)The payload in "Actuator Specifications" represents the maximum values, but the payload of a specific model varies depending on the acceleration. For details, refer to "Selection Guideline" (Table of RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration) on pp. 33 to 34.
(2) Refer to P. 31 for the push-motion operation.

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload
(1) High output enabled (PowerCon) - PCON-CA, MSEP-C/LC connected

 Speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ )
(2) High output disabled (standard) - PCON-CA, MSEP-C/LC connected



Actuator Specifications

| Model number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | High outputsetting | Max. payload |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Max. push } \\ & \text { force (N) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Stroke } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Horizonal (kg) | Vericiad (kg) |  |  |
| RCP5-RA6C-WA-42P-20-(1)-P3-22-3 | 20 | Enabled | 6 | 1.5 | 56 | $\begin{gathered} 65 \sim 415 \\ \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| RCP5-RA6C-WA-42P-12- (1)-P3- (2)-3 | 12 | Enabled | 25 | 4 | 93 |  |
|  |  | Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| RCP5-RA6C-WA-42P-6- 1 - P3- (2)-3 | 6 | Enabled | 40 | 10 | 185 |  |
|  |  | Disabled |  |  |  |  |
| RCP5-RA6C-WA-42P-3- (1)-P3- (2)-3 | 3 | Enabled | 60 | 20 | 370 |  |
|  |  | Disabled | 40 |  |  |  |


| Stroke and Maximum Speed |  |  | (unit.mms) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | High output setting | $\begin{gathered} 65 \sim 365 \\ \text { (every 50mm) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 415 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| 20 | Enabled | 800 |  |
|  | Disabled | 640 |  |
| 12 | Enabled | 700 |  |
|  | Disabled | 500 |  |
| 6 | Enabled | 450 |  |
|  | Disabled | 250 |  |
| 3 | Enabled | 225 | 220 |
|  | Disabled | 125 |  |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | P (1m) |
|  | $\mathrm{S}(3 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X15(15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~ R05(5m) |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~R15(15m) |

Option

| Name | Option code | See page |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brake | B | $\rightarrow P .10$ |  |
| Flange | FL | $\rightarrow P$ |  |
| Tip adapter (flange) | FFA | $\rightarrow P .59$ |  |
| Tip adapter (internal thread) | NFA | $\rightarrow P$ |  |
| Tip adapter (keyway) | KFA |  |  |
| Non-motor end specification | NM | $\rightarrow P .10$ |  |

Actuator Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screwø10mm, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability (*1) | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}[ \pm 0.03 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\varnothing 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*2) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 20 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |

(*1) The value at lead 20 is shown in [ ]. (*2) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)

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＊1 During home return，be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end．
＊2 The orientation of width across flats varies depending on the product．
the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange，make sure the actuator will not receive any external force． （For details，refer to＂Notes on Installing Rod Actuators＂on P．31．） ME：Mechanical end SE：Stroke end


■ Rod Deflection of RCP5－RA6C（Reference Values）


Dimensions and Mass by Stroke

| Stroke |  | 65 | 115 | 165 | 215 | 265 | 315 | 365 | 415 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | Without brake | 332 | 382 | 432 | 482 | 532 | 582 | 632 | 682 |
|  | With brake | 371.5 | 421.5 | 471.5 | 521.5 | 571.5 | 621.5 | 671.5 | 721.5 |
| A |  | 0 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
| B |  | 0 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 |
| C |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| D |  | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| E |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| F |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| G |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| H |  | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| J |  | 172 | 222 | 272 | 322 | 372 | 422 | 472 | 522 |
| K |  | 219.5 | 269.5 | 319.5 | 369.5 | 419.5 | 469.5 | 519.5 | 569.5 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod（ N ） |  | 113.8 | 92.6 | 78.0 | 67.3 | 59.0 | 52.5 | 47.2 | 42.8 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of rod（N） | Load offset Omm | 45.7 | 36.3 | 29.8 | 25.1 | 21.6 | 18.8 | 16.6 | 14.7 |
|  | Load offset 100 mm | 32.1 | 28.3 | 24.6 | 21.5 | 18.9 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 13.4 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod（ Nm ） |  | 11.5 | 9.4 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| Allowable dynamic torque at end of rod（Nm） |  | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Mass（kg） | Without brake | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
|  | With brake | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 |

Applicable Controller
RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below．Select the type according to your intended application．

| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioner type |  | PCON－CA－42PWAI－NP－$\square-0-\square$ PCON－CA－42PWAI－PN－$-0-\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P． 46 | Refer to P． 39 |
| Pulse－train type |  | PCON－CA－42PWAI－PLN－$\square-0-\square$ PCON－CA－42PWAI－PLP－$\square-0-\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Pulse－train input type | － |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON－CA－42PWAI－（1）－0－0－$\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |
| Position controller， 8－axis type | 1178 | MSEP－C－$\square$－42PWAl～$\square-\square-0$ | Positioner type that accepts connection of up to eight axes． | 3 points／256 points |  | Refer to P． 55 | Refer to P． 47 |
| 6 －axis type with I／0 control function | \# | MSEP－LC－■－42PWAI～ロ－ロ－0－ロ（＊） <br> ${ }^{*}$（）MSEP－LC coming soon with CE conformity． | Axes can be moved and $I / 0$ signal turned ON／OFF using a ladder logic program． | 256 points |  |  |  |

[^1]
## RCP 5-RA7C



## Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1) The payload in "Actuator Specifications" represents the maximum values, but the payload of a specific model varies depending on the acceleration. For details, refer to "Selection Guideline" (Table of RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration) on pp. 33 to 34.
(2) Refer to P. 31 for the push-motion operation.

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload
(1) High output enabled (PowerCon) - PCON-CA, MSEP-C/LC connected

(2) High output disabled (standard) - PCON-CA, MSEP-C/LC connected



| Actuator Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Lead and Payload |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Model number | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Lead } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | High output setting | Max. P | ayload Vericial (ko | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max. push } \\ & \text { force (N) } \end{aligned}$ | Stroke <br> (mm) |
| RCP5-RATC-WA-56P-24- (1)-P3- (2)-3 | 24 | Enabled | 20 | 3 | 182 | $\begin{gathered} 70,520 \\ \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Disabled | 18 | 3 |  |  |
| RCP5-RATC-WA-56-16-(1)-P3-(2)-3 | 16 | Enabled | 50 | 8 | 273 |  |
|  |  | Disabled | 40 | 5 |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7C-WA-56P-8- 1 - P3- (2)-3 | 8 | Enabled | 60 | 18 | 547 |  |
|  |  | Disabled | 50 | 17.5 |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7C-WA-56P-4-(1)-P3-20-3 | 4 | Enabled | 80 | 28 | 1094 |  |
|  |  | Disabled | 55 | 26 |  |  |


| Stroke and Maximum Speed |  | The values in $<>$ apply when the actuator is used verically. (unit: $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead (mm) | High output setting setting | $\begin{gathered} \hline 70 \sim 520 \\ \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 24 | Enabled | $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ <600> \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Disabled | $\begin{gathered} 600 \\ <400> \end{gathered}$ |
| 16 | Enabled | $\begin{gathered} 700 \\ <560> \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Disabled | 420 |
| 8 | Enabled | 420 |
|  | Disabled | 210 |
| 4 | Enabled | 210 |
|  | Disabled | 140 |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) Cable ength (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | $\mathrm{P}(1 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | $\mathrm{S}(3 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X15(15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~ R05(5m) |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~ R15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~ R20(20m) |

Option

| Name | Option code | See page |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brake | B | $\rightarrow$ P.10 |  |
| Flange | FL | $\rightarrow P$ |  |
| Tip adapter (flange) | FFA | $\rightarrow$ P. 59 |  |
| Tip adapter (internal thread) | NFA | $\rightarrow$ P. 60 |  |
| Tip adapter (keyway) | KFA |  |  |
| Non-motor end specification | NM | $\rightarrow$ P. | $\rightarrow$ |


| Actuator Specifications |
| :--- |
| Item  <br> Drive system Ball screwø 12 mm , rolled C10 <br> Positioning repeatability ( ${ }^{*} 1$ ) \pm 0.02 mm [ $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{~mm}]$ <br> Lost motion 0.1 mm or less <br> Rod $\varnothing 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum <br> Rod non-rotation precision (*2) $\pm 0$ deg <br> Allowable rod load mass Refer to P. 22 and P. 35 <br> Rod tip overhang distance 100 mm or less <br> Ambient operating temperature, humidity 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |
| (*1) The value at lead 24 is shown in []. (*2) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received. |

Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)


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$\underset{\text { CAD }}{2 \mathrm{D}}$
＊1 During home return，be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end
＊2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product．
3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange，make sure the actuator will not receive any external force．
（For details，refer to＂Notes on Installing Rod Actuators＂on P．31．）
ME：Mechanical end
SE：Stroke end


Rod Deflection of RCP5－RA7C（Reference Values）


| Stroke |  | 70 | 120 | 170 | 220 | 270 | 320 | 370 | 420 | 470 | 520 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | Without brake | 384 | 434 | 484 | 534 | 584 | 634 | 684 | 734 | 784 | 834 |
|  | With brake | 434 | 484 | 534 | 584 | 634 | 684 | 734 | 784 | 834 | 884 |
| A |  | 0 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 |
| B |  | 0 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 | 385 | 485 |
| C |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| D |  | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| E |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| F |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| G |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| H |  | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| J |  | 168 | 218 | 268 | 318 | 368 | 418 | 468 | 518 | 568 | 618 |
| K |  | 241 | 291 | 341 | 391 | 441 | 491 | 541 | 591 | 641 | 691 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod（N） |  | 119.2 | 97.7 | 82.8 | 71.6 | 63.0 | 56.2 | 50.6 | 46.0 | 42.2 | 38.8 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of rod（N） | Load offset Omm | 44.3 | 35.7 | 29.6 | 25.2 | 21.7 | 19.0 | 16.8 | 15.0 | 13.6 | 12.2 |
|  | Load offset 100 mm | 33.9 | 29.7 | 25.7 | 22.4 | 19.7 | 17.4 | 15.5 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 11.5 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod（ Nm ） |  | 12.1 | 10.0 | 8.5 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque at end of rod（Nm） |  | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Mass（kg） | Without brake | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.9 |
|  | With brake | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.4 |


| Applicable Controller |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below．Select the type according to your intended application． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| Positioner type |  | PCON－CA－56PWAI－NP－ㅁ－0－$\square$ PCON－CA－56PWAI－PN－ㅁ－0－■ | Equipped with a high－output driver Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P． 46 | Refer to P． 39 |
| Pulse－train type |  | PCON－CA－56PWAI－PLN－■－0－■ PCON－CA－56PWAI－PLP－ㅁ－0－ㅁ | Equipped with a high－output driver Pulse－train input type | － |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON－CA－56PWAI－（1）－0－0－$\square$ | Equipped with a high－output driver Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |
| Position controller， 8－axis type | IIII | MSEP－C－$\square$－56PWAI～$\square-\square-0$ | Positioner type that accepts connection of up to eight axes． | 3 points／256 points |  | Refer to P． 55 | Refer to P． 47 |
| 6－axis type with I／O control function | 壮 | MSEP－LC－■－56PWAI～ロ－ロ－0－（＊） <br> ${ }^{*}$ ）MSEP－LC coming soon with CE conformity． | Axes can be moved and $I / 0$ signal turned ON／OFF using a ladder logic program． | 256 points |  |  |  |

＊In the model numbers shown above，（1）indicates the field network specification（DV，CC，PR，CN，PRT，EC or EP）．

## RCP 5-RA8C



## Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1) The payload assumes operation at an acceleration of 0.1 G for lead 5 and operation at an acceleration of 0.2 G for lead 10 and lead 20 . The above values are the upper limits of acceleration/deceleration.
(2) Exercise caution that the RA8C requires a dedicated controller (highthrust PCON-CFA).

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload

## RCP5-RA8C Horizontal PCON-CFA connected




## Actuator Specifications

Lead and Payload

| Model number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | Connected controller | Maximum payload |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Maximum } \\ \text { push force (N) } \end{array}$ | Stroke (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Horizontal (kg) | Verical (kg) |  |  |
| RCP5-RA8C-WA-60P-20- (1)-P4- (2)-3 | 20 | PCON-CFA | 30 | 5 | 500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 50~700 } \\ \text { (ever 50 mm) } \end{gathered}$ |
| RCP5-RA8C-WA-60P-10- (1)-P4-(2)-3 | 10 | PCON-CFA | 60 | 40 | 1000 |  |
| RCP5-RA8C-WA-60-5- (1)-P4-(2)-3 | 5 | PCON-CFA | 100 | 70 | 2000 |  |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) cable length (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | P (1m) |
|  | $\mathrm{S}(3 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X 15 (15m) |
|  | $\mathrm{X16}(16 \mathrm{~m}) \sim \mathrm{X} 20$ (20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~R05(5m) |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~ R15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~ R20(20m) |

Option

| Name | Option code | See page |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brake | B |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (top) | CJT |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (right) | CJR | $\rightarrow$ |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (left) | CJL |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (bottom) | CJB |  |  |
| Flange bracket | FL |  |  |
| Non-motor end specification | NM |  |  |

Actuator Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw $\varnothing 16 \mathrm{~mm}$, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\varnothing 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 24 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |

(*1) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)


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*1 During home return, be careful to avoid interference from periphera objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end.
*2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product.
*3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange, make sure the actuator will not receive any external force. (For details, refer to "Notes on Installing Rod Actuators" on P. 31.) ME: Mechanical end


 50
$\square$ Dimensions with Brake (Optional) ■ 4 Cable Exit Directions (Optional)


Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA8C
(The graph below shows the measurements of how much a horizontally installed rod would deflect when a load is applied to the end of the rod. The measured deflection include the deflection due to the weight of the rod.)


Load at end of rod (N)

■ Dimensions and Mass by Stroke

| Stroke |  | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | Without brake | 439.5 | 489.5 | 539.5 | 589.5 | 639.5 | 689.5 | 739.5 | 789.5 | 839.5 | 889.5 | 939.5 | 989.5 | 1039.5 | 1089.5 |
|  | With brake | 488 | 538 | 588 | 638 | 688 | 738 | 788 | 838 | 888 | 938 | 988 | 1038 | 1088 | 1138 |
| A |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| B |  | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 |
| C |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 18 |
| D |  | 115 | 165 | 215 | 265 | 315 | 365 | 415 | 465 | 515 | 565 | 615 | 665 | 715 | 765 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod (N) |  | 180 | 150.3 | 128.9 | 112.7 | 99.9 | 89.7 | 81.3 | 74.3 | 68.3 | 63.1 | 58.6 | 54.6 | 51.1 | 47.9 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of od (N) | Load offset 0 mm | 73.6 | 60.3 | 51.0 | 44.1 | 38.7 | 34.3 | 30.7 | 27.7 | 25.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 |
|  | Load offset 100mm | 57.0 | 48.6 | 42.5 | 37.8 | 33.8 | 30.5 | 27.6 | 25.2 | 23.1 | 21.2 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod ( Nm ) |  | 18.1 | 15.2 | 13.0 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 5.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque at end of rod (Nm) |  | 5.7 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 12.7 |
|  | With brake | 8.3 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.9 |


| Applicable Controller |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below. Select the type according to your intended application. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| Positioner type |  | PCON-CFA-60PWAI-NP-■-0-PCON-CFA-60PWAI-PN- $\square-0-\square$ | Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P. 46 | Refer to P. 39 |
| Pulse-train type |  | PCON-CFA-6OPWAI-PLN-■-O-■ PCON-CFA-60PWAI-PLP-ㅁ-0-ㅁ | Pulse-train input type | - |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON-CFA-60PWAI-(1-0-0-■ | Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |

* In the model numbers shown above, (1) indicates the field network specification (DV, CC, PR, CN, PRT, EC or EP).


## RCP5-RA10C



Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1) The payload assumes operation at an acceleration of 0.01 G for lead 2.5, operation at an acceleration of 0.02 G for lead 5 and operation at an acceleration of 0.04 G for lead 10 . The above values are the upper limits of acceleration/deceleration.
(2) Exercise caution that the RA10C requires a dedicated controller (highthrust PCON-CFA).

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload
RCP5-RA10C Horizontal PCON-CFA connected



## Actuator Specifications

Lead and Payload

| Model number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | Connected controller | Maximum payload |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Maximum } \\ \text { posshocree (M) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Stroke (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Horizontal (ko) | Vericical (kg) |  |  |
| RCP5-RA10C-WA-86P-10-(1)-P4- 2 (3)-3 | 10 | PCON-CFA | 80 | 80 | 1500 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \sim 800 \\ & \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| RCP5-RA1OC-WA-86P-5- (1)-P4- (2)-3 | 5 | PCON-CFA | 150 | 100 | 3000 |  |
| RCP5-RA10C-WA-86P-2.5- (1)-P4- (2) - 3 | 2.5 | PCON-CFA | 300 | 150 | 6000 |  |

$\square$ Stroke and Maximum Speed
The values in <> apply when the actuator

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 50 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 100 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} 150 \\ (m m) \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \sim 400 \\ & \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 450 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 500 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 550 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 600 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 650 \\ (m \mathrm{~m}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 700 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 750 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 800 \\ & (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 117 | 167 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 200 \\ <167> \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ <167> \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 220 \\ <167> \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 200 \\ <167> \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 180 \\ <167\rangle \end{array}$ | 160 | 140 | 120 |
| 5 | 83 |  | 125 |  | 110 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 55 | 50 | 45 |
| 2.5 | 63 |  |  |  |  |  | 55 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | P (1m) |
|  | $\mathrm{S}(3 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X $10(10 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X 15 (15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~R05(5m) |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~R15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~ R20(20m) |


Actuator Specifications

| Item |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw ø20mm (lead 2.5/10mm), $\varnothing 16 \mathrm{~mm}$ (lead 5mm), rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\varnothing 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 26 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |

(*1) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)


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$\square$ Dimensions with Flange (Optional)

*1 During home return, be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end
*2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product
*3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange, make sure the actuator will not receive any external force. (For details, refer to "Notes on Installing Rod Actuators" on P. 31.)
ME: Mechanical end




4 Cable Exit Directions (Optional)

■ Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA10C
The , praph below shows the measurements of how much a horizontally installed rod would doftect when a load is applifed to the end of the rod
The measured deflection include the deflection due to the weightof the ro The measured deflection include the deflection due to the weight of the rod.)

$\square$ Dimensions and Mass by Stroke

| Stroke |  | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 | 750 | 800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | Without brake | 485 | 535 | 585 | 635 | 685 | 735 | 785 | 835 | 885 | 935 | 985 | 1035 | 1085 | 1135 | 1185 | 1235 |
|  | With brake | 545 | 595 | 645 | 695 | 745 | 795 | 845 | 895 | 945 | 995 | 1045 | 1095 | 1145 | 1195 | 1245 | 1295 |
| A |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
|  | B | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 |
| C |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 20 |
| D |  | 132 | 182 | 232 | 282 | 332 | 382 | 432 | 482 | 532 | 582 | 632 | 682 | 732 | 782 | 832 | 882 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod (N) |  | 316.9 | 268.4 | 232.6 | 205.1 | 183.4 | 165.7 | 151.0 | 138.6 | 128.1 | 119.0 | 111.0 | 103.9 | 97.7 | 92.1 | 87.0 | 82.5 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Allowazbe dynamic } \\ \text { load atend of tod (N) } \end{array}$ | Load offset Omm | 119.1 | 99.1 | 84.7 | 73.8 | 65.3 | 58.5 | 52.8 | 38.7 | 29.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 8.0 | 6.7 |
|  | Load offset 100 mm | 100.7 | 85.9 | 74.9 | 66.3 | 59.3 | 53.6 | 48.8 | 38.7 | 29.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 8.0 | 6.7 |
| Allowable staic torque at end of rod (Nm) |  | 31.8 | 27.0 | 23.4 | 20.7 | 18.5 | 16.8 | 15.3 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 8.6 |
| Allowable dyynmic torque a end of of ( (Nm) |  | 10.1 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 11.5 | 12.2 | 12.9 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 15 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 17.8 | 18.5 | 19.2 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 21.3 | 22 |
|  | With brake | 13.1 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 15.2 | 15.9 | 16.6 | 17.3 | 18 | 18.7 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 20.8 | 21.5 | 22.2 | 22.9 | 23.6 |

## Correlation Diagrams of Vertical Load and Traveling Life

Since the RCP5-RA10C has a greater maximum thrust than other types, its service life varies significantly depending on the payload and push force applied when the actuator is installed vertically. When selecting an appropriate type from the correlation diagram of speed and payload or correlation diagram of push force and current-limiting value, check its traveling life on the correlation diagram of payload and service life as well as on the correlation diagram of push force and service life.
Note
The rated value represents the maximum value at a traveling life of 5000 km . The greatest value is the maximum value at which the actuator can operate.
Take note that, if an actuator is operated beyond its rating, its service life will drop as shown by the applicable graph on the right.




| Applicable Controller |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below. Select the type according to your intended application. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| Positioner type |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCON-CFA-86PWAI-NP- }-0-\square-\square \\ & \text { PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PN- }-0-\square \end{aligned}$ | Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points |  |  |  |
| Pulse-train type |  | PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PLN-ロ-0-PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PLP-ㅁ-0- | Pulse-train input type | - | DC24V | Refer to P. 46 | Refer to P. 39 |
| Field network type | $1)$ | PCON-CFA-86PWAI-(1-0-0- $\square$ | Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |

[^2]
## RCP 5-RA4R Actuator Width $40 \mathrm{~mm}, 24 \mathrm{~V}$ Pulse Motor



## Radial Load Applicable

## (E RoHS



The figure above is the motor side-mounted to the left (ML).

(1) The actuator specification displays the payload's maximum value, but it will vary depending on the acceleration. Please refer to the "Selection Guidelines" (RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration Table) on P. 26-2.
(2) Please refer to P. 31 for push-motion operation.
(3) The radial cylinder is equipped with a built-in guide. Please refer to the graphs shown in P. 35 and after for the allowable load mass.

## ■Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload

(1) High-output enabled with PCON-CA, MSEP, MSEL connected


(2) High-output disabled with PCON-CA, MSEP connected



| Actuator Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ■Lead and Payload |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Stroke and Maximum Speed |  |  | (Unit: mm/s) |
| Model number | Lead <br> (mm) | Connected controller | Maximum payload |  | Maximum push force (N) | Stroke <br> (mm) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | Connected controller | $\begin{gathered} \text { 60~360 } \\ \text { (Every 50mm) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 410 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  | Horizontal (kg) | Vertical (kg) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RCP5-RA4R-WA-35P-16-(1)-P3-(2)-(3) | 16 | High-output enabled | 5 | 1 | 48 | $\begin{gathered} 60 \sim 410 \\ \text { (Every } \\ 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | 16 | High-output enabled | 840 |  |
|  |  | High-output disabled |  |  |  |  |  | High-output disabled |  |  |
| RCP5-RA4R-WA-35P-10-(1)-P3-(2)-(3) | 10 | High-output enabled | 12 | 2.5 | 77 |  | 10 | High-output enabled | 610 |  |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 10 | 2 |  |  |  | High-output disabled |  |  |
| RCP5-RA4R-WA-35P-5-(1)-P3-(2)-3 | 5 | High-output enabled | 25 | 5 | 155 |  | 5 | High-output enabled | 350 | 340 |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 22 |  |  |  |  | High-output disabled | 260 |  |
| RCP5-RA4R-WA-35P-2.5-(1)-P3-(2)-(3) | 2.5 | High-output enabled | 40 | 10 | 310 |  | 2.5 | High-output enabled | 175 | 170 |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 35 |  |  |  |  | High-output disabled | 130 |  |

Legend: (1) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options


| Options |
| :--- |
| Name Option code Reference page <br> Brake B $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Top) CJT $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Outside) CJO $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Bottom) CJB $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Flange (*1) (*2) FL $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Flange) (*2) FFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Internal thread) (*2) NFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Keyway) (*2) KFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Motor side-mounted to the left (Standard) ML $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Motor side-mounted to the right MR $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Non-motor end specification NM $\rightarrow$ P. 10 |

Actuator Specifications

| Item |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw $\varnothing 8 \mathrm{~mm}$, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\emptyset 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable load and torque on rod tip | Refer to table in the page on the right, refer to P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |
| (*1) Rod's angular displacement in rotational direction with no applied load is shown. |  |

(*1) Rod's angular displacement in rotational direction with no applied load is shown.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)
Load at end of rod

*1) Not available for strokes of 60 mm (standard) and 60~110mm (with brake).
*2) Please be careful of nearby objects when selecting the front flange (FL) or tip adapter (FFA/NFA/KFA) option, as selecting a short stroke may cause some interference between the cable and installation surface (with FL option) or work piece (with FFA/NFA/KFA option) for certain strokes.
When the rod is returning to its home position, please be careful of interference from surrounding objects, as it will travel until it reaches the ME.

surface
Detailed view of $Z$
2 The direction of width across flats varies depending on the product.
3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange, make sure the actuator will not receive any external force.
ME:Mechanical end
SE: Stroke end



(Option code: CJB) *The figure above is for the motor side-mounted to the left (ML).
■ Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA4R (Reference Values)


|  | Stroke | 60 | 110 | 160 | 210 | 260 | 310 | 360 | 410 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L | 194 | 244 | 294 | 344 | 394 | 444 | 494 | 544 |
|  | A | 50 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
|  | B | 35 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 |
|  | C | 25 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
|  | D | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
|  | E | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 |
|  | F | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 |
|  | G | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
|  | H | 50 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 |
|  | J | 134 | 184 | 234 | 284 | 334 | 384 | 434 | 484 |
|  | K | 164 | 214 | 264 | 314 | 364 | 414 | 464 | 514 |
|  | M | 6 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Allowable static load on rod tip ( N ) |  | 55.8 | 44.6 | 37.1 | 31.7 | 27.6 | 24.3 | 21.7 | 19.5 |
| Allowable | Load offset 0 mm | 25.4 | 19.5 | 15.5 | 12.8 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 6.9 |
| dynamic load on rod tip (N) | Load offset 100 mm | 16.5 | 14.5 | 12.4 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 6.2 |
| Allowable static torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 5.6 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
|  | With brake | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 |


(Note) MSEP-C/LC is available for high output only if "High-Output Specification" (PowerCon) is selected in the options.

## RCP5-RA6R Actuator Width 58 mm , 24 V Pulse Motor



## Radial Load Applicable

## ( $\in$ RoHs



The figure above is the motor side-mounted to the left (ML)

(1) The actuator specification displays the payload's maximum value, but it will vary depending on the acceleration.
Please refer to the "Selection Guidelines" (RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration Table) on P. 26-4.
(2) Please refer to P. 31 for push-motion operation.
(3) The radial cylinder is equipped with a built-in guide. Please refer to the graphs shown in P. 35 and after for the allowable load mass.

## -Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload

(1) High-output enabled with PCON-CA, MSEP, MSEL connected


(2) High-output disabled with PCON-CA, MSEP connected


downloaded from the website. www.robocylinder.de


## ■Cable Exit Direction (Option)



Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA6R (Reference Values)


■Dimensions and Mass by Stroke

|  | Stroke | 65 | 115 | 165 | 215 | 265 | 315 | 365 | 415 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L | 228 | 278 | 328 | 378 | 428 | 478 | 528 | 578 |
|  | A | 0 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 |
|  | B | 0 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 |
|  | c | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
|  | D | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
|  | E | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
|  | F | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
|  | G | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | H | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | J | 172 | 222 | 272 | 322 | 372 | 422 | 472 | 522 |
|  | K | 202.3 | 252.3 | 302.3 | 352.3 | 402.3 | 452.3 | 502.3 | 552.3 |
| Allowable static load on rod tip (N) |  | 113.8 | 92.6 | 78.0 | 67.3 | 59.0 | 52.5 | 47.2 | 42.8 |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Allowable } \\ \text { dynamic load } \\ \text { on rod tip (N) } \end{array}$ | Load offset 0 mm | 45.7 | 36.3 | 29.8 | 25.1 | 21.6 | 18.8 | 16.6 | 14.7 |
|  | Load offset 100 mm | 32.1 | 28.3 | 24.6 | 21.5 | 18.9 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 13.4 |
| Allowable static torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 11.5 | 9.4 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| Allowable dynamic torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
|  | With brake | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 |


| High output enabled |  |  |  |  |  | Lead 20 |  |  | High output enabled Lead 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output enabled |  |  |  |  |  | Lead 6 |  |  | High output enabled |  |  |  |  |  | Lead 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oirentation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
| Speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Speed$(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 <br> 1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 160 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 200 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 16 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 200 | 40 | 40 | 30 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 320 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 300 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 250 | 40 | 40 | 27.5 | 22.5 | 18 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 125 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 18 | 14 | 10 |
| 480 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 400 | 20 | 20 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 300 | 40 | 35 | 25 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 150 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 25 | 14 | 10 | 6 |
| 640 |  | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 |  | 1.5 | 1.5 | 500 | 15 | 15 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3.5 | 3 | 350 | 40 | 30 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 175 | 60 | 40 | 35 | 25 | 20 | 12 | 6 | 5 |
| 800 |  | 4 | 3 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 600 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 400 | 30 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 200 | 60 | 35 | 30 | 20 | 14 | 8 | 5 | 4.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 700 |  | 6 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 450 | 25 | 8 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | 225 | 40 | 16 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| High output disabled Lead 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output disabled Lead 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output disabled Lead 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output disabled Lead 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oinentation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |  | Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |  | Orientation <br> Speed <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ <br> 0 | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |  | Orientation <br> Speed <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |  |
|  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Speed } \\ (\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}) \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (mm/s) | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  |
| 0 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  | 0 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 0 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 0 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |
| 160 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  | 100 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 50 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 25 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |
| 320 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  | 200 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 100 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 50 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  |
| 480 |  | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 300 | 20 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 150 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  | 75 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| 640 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | 400 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 200 | 35 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 100 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 250 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 125 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |

[^3]
## RCP5-RA7R Actuator Width 73mm, 24V Pulse Motor



## Radial Load Applicable

( $\in$ RoHS


The figure above is the motor side-mounted to the left (ML)

(1) The actuator specification displays the payload's maximum value, but it will vary depending on the acceleration.
Please refer to the "Selection Guidelines" (RCP5 Payload by Speed/Acceleration Table) on P. 26-6.
(2) Please refer to P. 31 for push-motion operation.
(3) The radial cylinder is equipped with a built-in guide. Please refer to the graphs shown in P. 35 and after for the allowable load mass.

## ■Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload


(2) High-output disabled with PCON-CA, MSEP connected

RCP5-RA7R, Horizontal mount


RCP5-RA7R, Vertical mount


## Actuator Specifications

## -Lead and Payload

| Model number | Lead (mm) | Connected controller | Maximum payload |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Maximum } \\ \text { push force (N) } \end{array}$ | Stroke (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Horizond (kg) | Vertical (k) |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7R-WA-56P-24-(1)-P3-3)-3 | 24 | High-output enabled | 20 | 3 | 182 | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \sim 520 \\ & (\text { Every } \\ & 50 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | High-outputdisabled | 18 | 3 |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7R-WA-56P-16-(1)-P3-(2)-3 | 16 | High-outputenabled | 50 | 8 | 273 |  |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 40 | 5 |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7R-WA-56P-8-(1)-P3-(2)-3 | 8 | High-outputenabled | 60 | 18 | 547 |  |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 50 | 17.5 |  |  |
| RCP5-RA7R-WA-56P-4-(1)-P3-3)-3 | 4 | High-outputenabled | 80 | 28 | 1094 |  |
|  |  | High-output disabled | 55 | 26 |  |  |

■Stroke and Maximum Speed Values in brackets < > are for vertical use. (Unit: $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ )

| Lead <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Connected controller | $70 \sim 520$ <br> (Every 50 mm ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | High-output enabled | 800 <br>  <br>  High-output disabled |
|  | High-output enabled | 600 |
|  | High-output disabled | 560 |
| 8 | High-output enabled | 420 |
|  | High-output disabled | 420 |
| 4 | High-output enabled | 210 |
|  | High-output disabled | 175 |
|  |  | 140 |

Legend: (7) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options


| Options |
| :--- |
| Name Option code Reference page <br> Brake B $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Top) CJT $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Outside) CJO $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Cable exit direction (Bottom) CJB $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Flange (*1) (*2) FL $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Flange) (*2) FFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Internal thread) (*2) NFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Tip adapter (Keyway) (*2) KFA $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Motor side-mounted to the left (Standard) ML $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Motor side-mounted to the right MR $\rightarrow$ P. 10 <br> Non-motor end specification NM $\rightarrow$ P. 10 |



CAD drawings can be downloaded from the website. www. robocylinder.de


## ■ Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA7R



|  | Stroke | 70 | 120 | 170 | 220 | 270 | 320 | 370 | 420 | 470 | 520 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L | 258 | 308 | 358 | 408 | 458 | 508 | 558 | 608 | 658 | 708 |
|  | A | 0 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 400 | 500 |
|  | B | 0 | 85 | 85 | 185 | 185 | 285 | 285 | 385 | 385 | 485 |
|  | C | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
|  | D | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
|  | E | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
|  | F | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
|  | G | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | H | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|  | J | 168 | 218 | 268 | 318 | 368 | 418 | 468 | 518 | 568 | 618 |
|  | K | 227 | 277 | 327 | 377 | 427 | 477 | 527 | 577 | 627 | 677 |
| Allowable static load on rod tip (N) |  | 119.2 | 97.7 | 82.8 | 71.6 | 63.0 | 56.2 | 50.6 | 46.0 | 42.2 | 38.8 |
| Allowable | Load offset 0 mm | 44.3 | 35.7 | 29.6 | 25.2 | 21.7 | 19.0 | 16.8 | 15.0 | 13.6 | 12.2 |
| dynamic load on rod tip ( N$)$ | Load offset 100 mm | 33.9 | 29.7 | 25.7 | 22.4 | 19.7 | 17.4 | 15.5 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 11.5 |
| Allowable static torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 12.1 | 10.0 | 8.5 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque on rod tip ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.6 |
|  | With brake | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.1 |


| High output enabled Lead 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output enabled Lead 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output enabled Lead 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High output enabled Lead 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oinentation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Oieientaition | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Oinentaion | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  | Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
| Speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { Speed } \\ (\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}) \end{array}$ | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Speed <br> (mm/s) | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Speed } \\ (\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 0 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 15 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 0 | 80 | 80 | 70 | 65 | 60 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 200 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 15 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 140 | 50 | 50 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 70 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 35 | 80 | 80 | 70 | 65 | 60 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 400 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 15 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 280 | 50 | 50 | 35 | 25 | 20 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 140 | 60 | 60 | 50 | 45 | 40 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 70 | 80 | 80 | 70 | 65 | 60 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| 600 | 15 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 420 | 50 | 25 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4 | 210 | 60 | 60 | 40 | 31 | 26 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 105 | 80 | 80 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 22 | 20 | 18 |
| 800 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 560 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 280 | 60 | 26 | 16 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 140 | 80 | 50 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 350 | 30 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |  | 175 | 40 | 5 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 420 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

High output disabled Lead 24

| Oientation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 0 |  | 18 |  |  |  | 3 |
| 200 |  | 18 |  |  |  | 3 |
| 400 |  | 10 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 600 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |

High output disabled Lead 16

| Onennation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |
| (mm/s) | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 0 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 140 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 280 | 30 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 420 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |

High output disabled Lead 8 \begin{tabular}{c|c|c|}
\hline Orientation \& Horizontal \& Vertical <br>
\hline Speed \& Acceleration (G)

 

\hline Speed \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ Acceleration (G) } <br>
\cline { 2 - 6 }$(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ \& 0.2 \& 0.3 \& 0.5 \& 0.7 \& 0.1 \& 0.2 <br>
\hline 0 \& 50 \& \& \& \& \& 17.5 <br>
\hline 70 \& 50 \& \& \& \& \& 17.5 <br>
\hline 140 \& 50 \& \& \& \& \& 7 <br>
\hline 210 \& 30 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(Note) MSEP-C/LC is available for high output only if "High-Output Specification" (PowerCon) is selected in the options.

High output disabled Lead 4 | Orientaion | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 0 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 35 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 70 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 105 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 140 | 5 |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |

## RCP 5-RA8R

RoboCyinder, High-thrust Rod Type, Side Mounted Motor Type, Actuator Wiath 88mm, 24-V Pulse Motor


## Built-in guide mechanism

## RoHS


(1) The payload assumes operation at an acceleration of 0.1 G for lead 5 and operation at an acceleration of 0.2 G for lead 10 and lead 20. The above values are the upper limits of acceleration/deceleration.
(2) Exercise caution that the RA8R requires a dedicated controller (highthrust PCON-CFA)

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload RCP5-RA8R Horizontal PCON-CFA connected



## Actuator Specifications

Lead and Payload

| Model number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lead } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Connected controller | Maximum payload |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Maximumpsth } \\ \text { force (I) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Stroke (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Horizontal (kg) | Verical (kg) |  |  |
| RCP5-RA8R-WA-6OP-20-(1)-P4-(2)-3 | 20 | PCON-CFA | 30 | 5 | 500 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 50 \sim 700 \\ \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| RCP5-RABR-WA-6OP-10-(1)-P4-2 - 3 | 10 | PCON-CFA | 60 | 40 | 1000 |  |
| RCP5-RA8R-WA-60P-5-(1)-P4- (2)- 3 | 5 | PCON-CFA | 100 | 70 | 2000 |  |

$\square$ Stroke and Maximum Speed (unit: mm/s)

| Lead <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | 50 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | $100 \sim 450$ <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 500 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 550 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 600 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 650 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 700 <br> $(\mathrm{~mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 280 | 400 | 360 | 320 | 280 | 240 | 220 |
| 10 | 200 | 180 | 160 | 140 | 120 | 110 |  |
| 5 | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 55 |  |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) cable length (3) Options

| Cable Length |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type | Cable symbol |
| Standard type | $\mathrm{P}(1 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | S(3m) |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X 15 (15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | R04(4m) ~R05(5m) |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~ R15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~R20(20m) |


| Option |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Option code | See page |  |
| Brake | B | $\rightarrow \mathrm{P} .10$ |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (top) | CJT |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (outside) | CJO |  |  |
| Optional cable exit direction (bottom) | CJB |  |  |
| Motor side-mounted to the left (standard) | ML |  |  |
| Motor side-mounted to the right | MR |  |  |
| Flange bracket | FL |  |  |
| Non-motor end specification | NM |  |  |

Actuator Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw $\varnothing 16 \mathrm{~mm}$, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\varnothing 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 28 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |

$\left.{ }^{*}{ }^{*}\right)$ Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)

*1 During home return be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end.
*2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product.
3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange, make sure the actuator will not receive any external force.
(For details, refer to "Notes on Installing Rod Actuators" on P. 31.)
ME: Mechanical end
SE: Stroke end

Dimensions with Flange (Optional)


4-б9, through


Note
For the specification with brake of $50-\mathrm{mm}$ stroke, a flange is installed in a 90 -degree angle.

Note
If an actuator of lead 5 is installed vertically
varies significantly depending on the paylo
Pay attention to the diagram of payload and service life shown below. (If the actuator is installed horizontally, its service life is not affected by the payload.)


Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA8R
The graph helow shows the measurements of how much a horizontally installed rod would deflect when a load is applied to the end of the rod.


| Stroke |  | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L | 309.5 | 359.5 | 409.5 | 459.5 | 509.5 | 559.5 | 609.5 | 659.5 | 709.5 | 759.5 | 809.5 | 859.5 | 909.5 | 959.5 |
| A |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| B |  | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 | 115 | 65 |
| C |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 18 |
| D |  | 115 | 165 | 215 | 265 | 315 | 365 | 415 | 465 | 515 | 565 | 615 | 665 | 715 | 765 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod ( N ) |  | 180 | 150.3 | 128.9 | 112.7 | 99.9 | 89.7 | 81.3 | 74.3 | 68.3 | 63.1 | 58.6 | 54.6 | 51.1 | 47.9 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of rod (N) | Load offset Omm | 73.6 | 60.3 | 51.0 | 44.1 | 38.7 | 34.3 | 30.7 | 27.7 | 25.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 |
|  | Load offset 100 mm | 57.0 | 48.6 | 42.5 | 37.8 | 33.8 | 30.5 | 27.6 | 25.2 | 23.1 | 21.2 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod (Nm) |  | 18.1 | 15.2 | 13.0 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 5.1 |
| Allowable dynamic torque at end of rod ( Nm ) |  | 5.7 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 8.6 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.7 | 14.1 |
|  | With brake | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 15.2 |

## Applicable Controller

RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below. Select the type according to your intended application.

| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioner type |  | PCON-CFA-60PWAI-NP- - $-0-\square$ PCON-CFA-6OPWAI-PN-ロ-0-ם | Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P. 46 | Refer to P. 39 |
| Pulse-train type |  | PCON-CFA-60PWAI-PLN-■-0-■ PCON-CFA-60PWAI-PLP-ロ-0-■ | Pulse-train input type | - |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON-CFA-60PWAI-®-0-0-■ | Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |

* In the model numbers shown above, (1) indicates the field network specification (DV, CC, PR, CN, PRT, EC or EP).


## RCP5-RA10R



(1) The payload assumes operation at an acceleration of 0.01 G for lead 2.5 , operation at an acceleration of 0.02 G for lead 5 and operation at an acceleration of 0.04 G for lead 10 . The above values are the upper limits of acceleration/deceleration.
(2) Exercise caution that the RA10R requires a dedicated controller (high-

■ Correlation Diagrams of Speed and Payload

## RCP5-RA10R Horizontal PCON-CFA connected




## Actuator Specifications

## - Lead and Payload

| Model number | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Lead } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{array}$ | Connected controller | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \text { Maximur } \\ \hline \text { Horizontal (kg) } \end{array}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{mp} \text { payload }}{\text { Vertical (kg }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Maximum } \\ \text { push force (N) } \end{array}$ | Stroke (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCP5-RA10R-WA-86P-10-(1)-P4-(2)-3 | 10 | PCON-CFA | 80 | 80 | 1500 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \sim 800 \\ \text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| RCP5-RA10R-WA-86P-5 ( 1 --P4- (2)-3 | 5 | PCON-CFA | 150 | 100 | 3000 |  |
| RCP5-RA10R-WA-86P-2.5-(1)-P4-(2)-3) | 2.5 | PCON-CFA | 300 | 150 | 6000 |  |

$\square$ Stroke and Maximum Speed
The values in < > apply when the actuator

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Lead } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 50 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 100 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 150 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 200-400 \\ (\text { (every } 50 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 450 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 500 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 550 \\ & \hline(\mathrm{~mm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 600 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 650 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 700 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 750 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 800 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 117 | $\begin{gathered} 167 \\ <140> \\ <167 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ <140\rangle \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 180 \\ <140\rangle \end{array},$ | $\begin{gathered} 160 \\ <140\rangle \end{gathered}$ | 140 | 120 |
| 5 | 83 |  |  | 100 |  | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 55 | 50 | 45 |
| 2.5 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 |

Code explanation (1) Stroke (2) Cable length (3) Options


| Type | Cable symbol |
| :---: | :---: |
| Standard type | P (1m) |
|  | S(3m) |
|  | M (5m) |
| Special length | X06(6m) ~ X10(10m) |
|  | X11(11m) ~ X 15 (15m) |
|  | X16(16m) ~ X20(20m) |
| Robot cable | R01(1m) ~ R03(3m) |
|  | $\mathrm{R} 04(4 \mathrm{~m}) \sim \mathrm{R} 05(5 \mathrm{~m})$ |
|  | R06(6m) ~ R 10(10m) |
|  | R11(11m) ~R15(15m) |
|  | R16(16m) ~ R20(20m) |


| Option |
| :--- |
| Name Option code See page  <br> Brake B   <br> Optional cable exit direction (top) CJT   <br> Optional cable exit direction (outside) CJO   <br> Optional cable exit direction (bottom) CJB $\rightarrow$ P. 10  <br> Motor side-mounted to the eft (standard) ML   <br> Motor side-mounted to the right MR   <br> Flange bracket FL   <br> Non-motor end specification NM   |

Actuator Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive system | Ball screw $\varnothing 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ (lead 2.5/0mm), $\varnothing 16 \mathrm{~mm}($ (lead 5 mm$)$, rolled C10 |
| Positioning repeatability | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.1 mm or less |
| Rod | $\emptyset 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ Aluminum |
| Rod non-rotation precision (*1) | $\pm 0$ deg |
| Allowable rod load mass | Refer to P. 30 and P. 35 |
| Rod tip overhang distance | 100 mm or less |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85 \%$ RH or less (Non-condensing) |

(*1) Accuracy of rod displacement in rotating direction when no load is received.
Offset distance at end of rod ( 100 mm or less)


CAD drawings can be
downloaded from the website. WWW.robocylinder.de
*1 During home return, be careful to avoid interference from peripheral objects because the slider travels until the mechanical end.
*2 The orientation of the width across flats varies depending on the product
*3 If the actuator is installed using the front housing and flange, make sure the actuator will not receive any external force. (For details, refer to "Notes on Installing Rod Actuators" on P. 31.) ME: Mechanical end
 SE: Stroke end

$4-\varnothing 11$, through


Note
For the specification with brake of $50-\mathrm{mm}$ stroke, a flange is installed in a 90-degree angle.


■ 3 Cable Exit Directions (Optional)

$\square$ Rod Deflection of RCP5-RA10R

- Dimensions and Mass by Stroke (The graph below shows the measurements of how much a horizontally installed rod would delect when a load is applied to the end of the rod. The measured deflection


| Stroke |  | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 | 750 | 800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L |  | 366.5 | 416.5 | 466.5 | 516.5 | 566.5 | 616.5 | 666.5 | 716.5 | 766.5 | 816.5 | 866.5 | 916.5 | 966.5 | 1016.5 | 1066.5 | . 5 |
| A |  | 0 |  | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| B |  | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 | 132 | 82 |
| C |  | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 20 |
| D |  | 132 | 182 | 232 | 282 | 332 | 382 | 432 | 482 | 532 | 582 | 632 | 682 | 732 | 782 | 832 | 882 |
| Allowable static load at end of rod (N) |  | 316.9 | 268.4 | 2326 | 205.1 | 183.4 | 165.7 | 151.0 | 138.6 | 128.1 | 119.0 | 111.0 | 103.9 | 97.7 | 92.1 | 87.0 | 82.5 |
| Allowable dynamic load at end of rod (N) | Load offset Omm | 119.1 | 99.1 | 84.7 | 73.8 | 65.3 | 58.5 | 52.8 | 38.7 | 29.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 8.0 | 6.7 |
|  | Load offset 100mm | 100.7 | 85.9 | 74.9 | 66.3 | 59.3 | 53.6 | 48.8 | 38.7 | 29.2 | 22.5 | 17.7 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 8.0 | 6.7 |
| Allowable static torque at end of rod (Nm) |  | 31.8 | 27.0 | 23.4 | 20.7 | 18.5 | 16.8 | 15.3 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 8.6 |
| Alowable dynamic torque at end of rod ( Nm ) |  | 10.1 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Mass (kg) | Without brake | 14.6 | 15.3 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 18.8 | 19.5 | 20.2 | 20.9 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 23.0 | 23.7 | 24.4 | 25.1 |
|  | With brake | 16.2 | 16.9 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 20.4 | 21.1 | 21.8 | 22.5 | 23.2 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 25.3 | 26.0 | 26.7 |

## Correlation Diagrams of Vertical Load and Traveling Life

Since the RCP5-RA10R has a greater maximum thrust than other types, its service life varies significantly depending on the payload and push force applied when the actuator is installed vertically. When selecting an appropriate type from the correlation diagram of speed and payload or correlation diagram of push force and current-limiting value, check its traveling life on the correlation diagram of payload and service life as well as on the correlation diagram of push force and service life.
Note
The rated value represents the maximum value at a traveling life of $5,000 \mathrm{~km}$. The greatest value is the maximum value at which the actuator can operate
Take note that, if an actuator is operated beyond its rating, its service life will drop as shown by the applicable graph on the right.


Rating $51 \mathrm{~kg} \quad$ Maximum 100 kg


| Rating 47 kg Maximum 80 kg |
| :--- | :--- |

Applicable Controller
RCP5 series actuators can be operated with the controller indicated below. Select the type according to your intended application.

| Name | External view | Model number | Features | Maximum number of positioning points | Input power | Power supply capacity | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioner type |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PCON-CFA-86PWAI-NP-ロ-0- } \\ & \text { PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PN-■-0 } \end{aligned}$ | Positioner type based on PIO control | 512 points | DC24V | Refer to P. 46 | Refer to P. 39 |
| Pulse-train type |  | PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PLN-ロ-0-PCON-CFA-86PWAI-PLP-D-0 | Pulse-train input type | - |  |  |  |
| Field network type |  | PCON-CFA-86PWAI-(1-0-0- $\square$ | Supporting major field networks | 768 points |  |  |  |

* In the model numbers shown above, (1) indicates the field network specification (DV, CC, PR, CN, PRT, EC or EP).


## Points to Note/Selection_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## | Notes on Installing Rod Actuators

When installing the actuator using the front housing or with a flange (optional), make sure that the actuator will not receive any external forces. (External forces may cause malfunction or damaged parts.) If the actuator will receive external forces or when the actuator is combined with a Cartesian robot, etc., use the mounting holes on the actuator base to secure the actuator.

Even when the actuator does not receive any external forces, provide a support base to support the actuator, as shown in the figure on the right, if the actuator is installed horizontally and secured using a flange or through the bracket mounting holes of the side-mounted motor specification.



## I Selection Guideline (Correlation Diagram of Push Force and Current-limiting Value)

In push-motion operation, the push force can be used by changing the current-limiting value of the controller over a range of $20 \%$ to $70 \%$. The maximum push-force varies depending on the model, so check the required push force from the graphs on the following pages and select an appropriate type meeting the purpose of use.

When performing push-motion operation using a slider actuator, limit the push current limit so that the reactive moment generated by the push force will not exceed $80 \%$ of the rated moment $(\mathrm{Ma}, \mathrm{Mb})$ specified in the catalog. To help with the moment calculations, the application position of the guide moment is shown in the figure below. Calculate the necessary moment by considering the offset of the push force application position. Note that if an excessive force exceeding the rated moment is applied, the guide may be damaged and the life may become shorter. Accordingly, include a sufficient safety factor when deciding on the push force.

## Calculation example:

If push-motion operation is performed with an RCP5-SA7C by applying 50 N at the position shown to the right, the moment received by the guide, or
Ma , is calculated as $(46.5+50) \times 50=4825(\mathrm{Nmm})$

$$
=4.825(\mathrm{Nm})
$$



Since the rated Ma moment of the SA7C is $10(\mathrm{Nm}), 10 \times 0.8=8>4.825$, suggesting that this selection is acceptable.
If an Mb moment generates due to push-motion operation, calculate the moment from the overhang and confirm, in the same way, that the calculated moment is within $80 \%$ of the rated moment.


- The relationship of push force and current-limiting value is only a reference, and the graphs may vary slightly from the actual values.
- If the current-limiting value is less than $20 \%$, the push force may vary. Make sure the current-limiting value remains $20 \%$ or more.
- The graphs assume a traveling speed of $10 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ for RA8C/RA8R/RA10C/RA10R and $20 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ for other than those models during push-motion operation.
- Be sure to use the RA8C/RA8R at a current-limiting value of $60 \%$ or less, because performing push-motion operation with these actuators at a current-limiting value of $70 \%$ may lead to motor damage.
- Use the table below as a rough guide for the upper limit of push cycles when the RCP5-RA10C/RA10R of each lead is operated with the maximum push force over a push-motion travel distance of 1 mm .

| Lead (type) | 2.5 | 5 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Push cycles | 1.4 million cycles | 25 million cycles | 157.6 million cycles |

* The upper limit of push cycles varies depending on the impact, vibration and other operating conditions.
The cycles shown to the left assume no impact or vibration.


## ■ Points to Note on Push-motion Operation Using RCP5-RA10C/RA10R

The push force is limited on certain RA10C/RA10R models due to its relationship with the buckling load of the ball screw. (Refer to the table below.)

| Items | Stroke 550 mm or less | Stroke 600 mm or less | Stroke 650 mm or less | Stroke 700 mm or less | Stroke 750 mm or less | Stroke 800 mm or less |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead 10 | As shown in the push force graph |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lead 5 | As shown in the graph | 2900 N | 2500 N | 2200 N | 2000 N | 1800 N |
| Lead 2.5 | As shown in the graph |  |  |  | 5900 N | 5400 N |




Standard Specification Lead 20

| Orientation | Horizontal |  |  | Vertical |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |
| (mm/s) | 0.20 .3 |  |  |  |
| 0 | 6 |  |  | 1.5 |
| 160 | 6 |  |  | 1.5 |
| 320 | 6 |  |  | 1.5 |
| 480 | 4 |  |  | 1 |
| 640 | 3 |  |  | 0.5 |



Standard Specification Lead 12

| Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Acceleration $(\mathrm{G})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 0 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| 100 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| 200 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| 300 | 20 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| 400 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| 500 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |


| PowerCon Specification |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (mm/s) | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 0 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 50 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 100 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 150 | 40 | 40 | 35 | 25 | 25 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 200 | 40 | 40 | 30 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 250 | 40 | 40 | 27.5 | 22.5 | 18 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| 300 | 40 | 35 | 25 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 350 | 40 | 30 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 400 | 30 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| 450 | 25 | 8 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Standard Specification Lead 6

| Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration(G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 0 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| 50 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| 100 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| 150 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
| 200 | 35 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| 250 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |



Standard Specification Lead 3

| Orientation | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 0 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |
| 25 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |
| 50 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |
| 75 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| 100 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |
| 125 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |

## 




Standard Specification Lead 16



| Standard Specification |  |  |  |  |  | Lead 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orientation <br> Speed <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | Horizontal |  |  |  | Vertical |  |  |
|  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | 50.7 | 70.1 |  |  |
| 0 | 50 |  |  |  |  | 17. | 7.5 |
| 70 | 50 |  |  |  |  | 17.5 | 7.5 |
| 140 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 210 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Standard Specification Lead 4

| Orientation <br> Speed <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ |  | Horizontal |  |  | Vertical |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acceleration (G) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 55 |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 35 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 70 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 105 | 55 |  |  |  |  | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RCP5-RA8C

Lead 5 | Orientation | Horizontal |
| :---: | :---: |
| Speed | Acceleration (G) |
| $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | 0.1 |
| 0 | 100 |
| 90 | 100 |
| 120 | 100 |
| 130 | 90 |
| 140 | 75 |
| 150 | 60 |


 RCP5-RA8R

Lead 5




Lead 20



## I Selection References (Guide for Selecting Allowable Load for Radial Cylinder)

The radial cylinder has a built-in guide, so loads up to a certain level can be applied to the rod without using an external guide. Refer to the graphs below for the allowable load mass. If the allowable load will be exceeded under the required operating conditions, add an external guide.
Allowable load mass for RCP5, horizontally mounted


RCP5-RA4/RA6/RA7






RCP5-RA8/RA10


Allowable load mass for RCP5, vertically mounted


## System Configuration_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## I System Configuration

## Single-axis Specification

Option
PC software
(Refer to P. 56)
RS232 connection type
<Model number: RCM-101-MW>
USB connection type
<Model number: RCM-101-USB>


Option
Teaching pendant
(Refer to P. 56)
<Model number: TB-01-C (*)>




Field network
DeviceNet/CC-Link/PROFIBUS-DP/PROFINET-IO/ CompoNet/EtherCAT/EtherNet/IP

## PIO flat cable

(Refer to P. 58)
<Model number: CB-MSEP-PIOO20>
Standard length: 2 m
Comes with any PIO specification controller



Controller
(Refer to P. 39)
<Model number: PCON-CA>
Simple Absolute battery <Model number: AB-7>

DC24V Power Supply 24V®
OV © OV ©
$\qquad$
<Connectable Actuators〉


Integrated motor/encoder cable <Model number: CB-CA-MPA $\square \square \square$ <Model number: CB-CA-MPA $\square \square \square$-RB> Standard lengths: $1 \mathrm{~m} / 3 \mathrm{~m} / 5 \mathrm{~m}$ (Refer to P. 57)
Supplied with the actuator


Integrated motor/encoder cable <Model number: CB-CAN-MPA $\square \square \square$ > <Model number: CB-CAN-MPA $\square \square$-RB> Standard lengths: $1 \mathrm{~m} / 3 \mathrm{~m} / 5 \mathrm{~m}$ (Refer to P. 57)


Integrated motor/encoder cable (for RCP5-RA8C/8R/10C/10R) <Model number: CB-CFA3-MPA $\square \square \square$ <Model number: CB-CFA3-MPA $\square \square \square$-RB> Standard lengths: $1 \mathrm{~m} / 3 \mathrm{~m} / 5 \mathrm{~m}$ (Refer to P. 57)



Built-in high-output driver designed exclusively for RCP5/RCP4 generates greater torque at high speed
The newly developed high-output driver (patent pending) achieves significantly improved specifications compared to conventional models (RCP2 series), with the acceleration/deceleration higher by 1.4 times, maximum speed by 1.5 times, and payload twice as large.

${ }^{*}$ ) The rates of improvement vary depending on the type.
(*) The RCP3/RCP2 are also supported.

2 Supporting the battery-less absolute encoder is supported. Since no battery is needed to retain position data, less space is needed to install the control panel, which in turn leads to lower cost of your equipment.


## 3 Common boards ensures greater ease of maintenance

While conventional controllers require a separate set of boards for each actuator, the PCON-CA/CFA use common boards for all actuators, meaning that actuators of different models such as RCP5, RCP4, RCP3 and RCP2 can be operated simply by changing the controller settings. The result is significant reduction in maintenance stock.


Smart tuning function, maintenance information, calendar function
The takt time minimization function sets an optimal acceleration/deceleration rate according to the load that is available (*). You can also record the number of times the actuator has moved and the distance that it has travelled, for use in maintenance.
(*) You need PC software Ver. 8.03.00.00 or later or $_{\text {( }}$ a CON-PTA (teaching pendant) to use the takt time minimization function.


## I List of Models

RoboCylinder Position Controller

| 1/0 type |  |  | Positioner type | Pulse-train type | Field network type |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | DeviceNet |  | CClink | $\frac{\text { PRAOET }}{\text { Bit }}$ | CompoNet |  | Ether $\mathbf{C A T}{ }^{\text {\% }}$ | Ethervet/IPD |
|  |  |  | DeviceNet connection specification |  | CC-Link connection specification | PROFIBUS-DP connection specification | CompoNet connection specification | PROFINET-IO connection specification | EtherCAT connection specification | EtherNet/ IP connection specification |
| 1/0 type model number |  |  |  | NP/PN | PLN/PLP | DV | CC | PR | CN | PRT | EC | EP |
| PCON-CA | Battery-less absolute specification or Incremental specification |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Simple absolute specification | with absolute battery | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  | with absolute battery unit | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  | No absolute battery | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| PCON-CFA | Battery-less absolute specification or Incremental specification |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

* If the RCP5 is used with pulse-train I/Os, the actuator must complete a home return prior to operation, as with any incremental actuator.


## IModel Specification Items



## | PIO I/O Interface

$\square$ Input Part External Input Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input voltage | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ |
| Input current | $5 \mathrm{~mA}, 1$ circuit |
| ON/OFF voltage | ON voltage: 18 VDC min. <br> OFF voltage: 6 VDC max. |



Output Part External Output Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Load voltage | DC24V |
| Maximum load current | $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 1$ circuit |
| Leak current | 2 mA max. per point |

NPN specification


PNP specification


## I Types of PIO Patterns (Control Patterns)

This controller supports seven types of control methods. Select in Parameter No. 25, "PIO pattern selection" the PIO pattern that best suits your purpose of use.

| Type | Set value of Parameter No. 25 | Mode | Overview |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIO pattern 0 | (factory setting) | Positioning mode (standard type) | - Number of positioning points: 64 points <br> - Position number command: Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) <br> - Zone signal output (*1): 1 point <br> - Position zone signal output (*2) : 1 point |
| PIO pattern 1 | 1 | Teaching mode (teaching type) | - Number of positioning points: 64 points <br> - Position number command: : Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) <br> - Position zone signal output **2): 1 point <br> - Jog (inching) operation using PIO signals is supported. <br> Current position data can be written to the position table using PIO signals. |
| PIO pattern 2 | 2 | 256-point mode (256 positioning points) | - Number of positioning points: 256 points <br> - Position number command: Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) <br> - Position zone signal output (*2) : 1 point |
| PIO pattern 3 | 3 | 512-point mode (512 positioning points) | - Number of positioning points: 512 points <br> - Position number command: Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) <br> - No zone signal output |
| PIO pattern 4 | 4 | Solenoid valve mode 1 (7-point type) | - Number of positioning points: 7 points <br> - Position number command: Individual number signal ON <br> - Zone signal output ( $* 1$ ): 1 point <br> - Position zone signal output (*2) : 1 point |
| PIO pattern 5 | 5 | Solenoid valve mode 2 <br> (3-point type) | - Number of positioning points: 3 points <br> - Position number command: Individual number signal ON <br> - Completion signal: A signal equivalent to a LS (limit switch) signal can be output. <br> - Zone signal output (*1): 1 point <br> - Position zone signal output (*2): 1 point |
| PIO pattern 6 (Note 1) | 6 | Pulse-train control mode | - Differential pulse input (200 kpps max.) <br> - Home return function <br> - Zone signal output (*1) : 2 points <br> - No feedback pulse output |

[^4](*) Position zone signal output:This function is available as part of a position number. A desired zone is set in the position table and becomes effective only when the corresponding position is specified, but not with commands specifying other positions.
(Note 1) Pulse Train Control Model is available only if the pulse train control type is indicated (from PCON-CA-PLN and PLP) at the time of purchase.

## | PIO Patterns and Signal Assignments

The table below lists the signal assignments for the I/O flat cable under different PIO patterns.
Connect an external device (such as a PLC) according to this table.

| Pin number | Category | PIO function | Parameter No. 25, "PIO pattern selection" |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  |  |  | Positioning mode | Teaching mode | 256-point mode | 512-point mode | Solenoid valve mode 1 | Solenoid valve mode 2 |
|  | Input | Number of positioning points | 64 points | 64 points | 256 points | 512 points | 7 points | 3 points |
|  |  | Home return signal | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
|  |  | Jog signal | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | Teaching signal (writing of current position) | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | Brake release | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Output | Moving signal | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | Zone signal | $\bigcirc$ | $\triangle$ (Note 1) | $\triangle$ (Note 1) | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  | Position zone signal | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1A | 24 V | P24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 A | 24 V | P24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3A | Pulse input | - - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4A |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5A | Input | INO | PC1 | PC1 | PC1 | PC1 | STO | STO |
| 6A |  | IN1 | PC2 | PC2 | PC2 | PC2 | ST1 | ST1(JOG+) |
| 7A |  | IN2 | PC4 | PC4 | PC4 | PC4 | ST2 | ST2(-) |
| 8A |  | IN3 | PC8 | PC8 | PC8 | PC8 | ST3 | - |
| 9 A |  | IN4 | PC16 | PC16 | PC16 | PC16 | ST4 | - |
| 10A |  | IN5 | PC32 | PC32 | PC32 | PC32 | ST5 | - |
| 11A |  | IN6 | - | MODE | PC64 | PC64 | ST6 | - |
| 12A |  | IN7 | - | JISL | PC128 | PC128 | - | - |
| 13A |  | IN8 | - | JOG+ | PC256 | PC256 | - | - |
| 14A |  | IN9 | BKRL | JOG- | BKRL | BKRL | BKRL | BKRL |
| 15A |  | IN10 | RMOD | RMOD | RMOD | RMOD | RMOD | RMOD |
| 16A |  | IN11 | HOME | HOME | HOME | HOME | HOME | - |
| 17A |  | IN12 | *STP | *STP | *STP | *STP | *STP | - |
| 18A |  | IN13 | CSTR | CSTR/PWRT | CSTR | CSTR | - | - |
| 19A |  | IN14 | RES | RES | RES | RES | RES | RES |
| 20A |  | IN15 | SON | SON | SON | SON | SON | SON |
| 1B | Output | OUT0 | PM1(ALM1) | PM1(ALM1) | PM1 (ALM1) | PM1 (ALM1) | PE0 | LSO |
| 2B |  | OUT1 | PM2(ALM2) | PM2(ALM2) | PM2(ALM2) | PM2(ALM2) | PE1 | LS1(TRQS) |
| 3B |  | OUT2 | PM4(ALM4) | PM4(ALM4) | PM4(ALM4) | PM4(ALM4) | PE2 | LS2 (Note2) |
| 4B |  | OUT3 | PM8(ALM8) | PM8(ALM8) | PM8(ALM8) | PM8(ALM8) | PE3 | - |
| 5B |  | OUT4 | PM16 | PM16 | PM16 | PM16 | PE4 | - |
| 6B |  | OUT5 | PM32 | PM32 | PM32 | PM32 | PE5 | - |
| 7B |  | OUT6 | MOVE | MOVE | PM64 | PM64 | PE6 | - |
| 8B |  | OUT7 | ZONE1 | MODES | PM128 | PM128 | ZONE1 | ZONE1 |
| 9B |  | OUT8 | PZONE/ZONE2 | PZONE/ZONE1 | PZONE/ZONE1 | PM256 | PZONE/ZONE2 | PZONE/ZONE2 |
| 10B |  | OUT9 | RMDS | RMDS | RMDS | RMDS | RMDS | RMDS |
| 11B |  | OUT10 | HEND | HEND | HEND | HEND | HEND | HEND |
| 12B |  | OUT11 | PEND | PEND/WEND | PEND | PEND | PEND | - |
| 13B |  | OUT12 | SV | SV | SV | SV | SV | SV |
| 14B |  | OUT13 | *EMGS | *EMGS | *EMGS | *EMGS | *EMGS | *EMGS |
| 15B |  | OUT14 | *ALM | *ALM | *ALM | *ALM | *ALM | *ALM |
| 16B |  | OUT15 | LOAD/TRQS *ALML | *ALML | LOAD/TRQS *ALML | LOAD/TRQS *ALML | LOAD/TRQS *ALML | *ALML |
| 17B | Pulse input | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18B |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19B | OV | N |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20B | OV | N |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^5]
## Controller $<$ PCON-CA/CFA>_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## | Pulse-train Control Circuit

Host Unit = Differential Type


Host Unit = Open Collector Type The AK-04 (optional) is needed to input pulses.


Caution: Use the same power supply for open collector input/output to/from the host and for the AK-04.

## - Command Pulse Input Patterns



## I I/O Signals in Pulse-train Control Mode

The table below lists the signal assignments for the flat cable in the pulse-train control mode. Connect an external device (such as PLC) according to this table.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Pin } \\ \text { number } \end{gathered}$ | Category | 1/0 number | Signal abbreviation | Signal name | Function description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | 24 V | - | P24 | Power supply | I/O power supply +24 V |
| 2 A | 24 V | , | P24 | Power supply | I/O power supply +24 V |
| 3A | Pulse input |  | PP | Differential pulse-train input (+) | Differential pulses are input from the host. Up to 200 kpps can be input. |
| 4A |  |  | /PP | Differential pulse-train input (-) |  |
| 5A | Input | NO | SON | Servo ON | The servo is ON while this signal is ON, and OFF while the signal is OFF. |
| 6A |  | IN1 | RES | Reset | Present alarms are reset when this signal is turned ON. |
| 7A |  | IN2 | HOME | Home return | Home return operation is performed when this signal is turned ON. |
| 8A |  | IN3 | TL | Torque limit selection | When this signal is turned ON, the motor torque is limited to the value set by the parameter. |
| 9A |  | IN4 | CSTP | Forced stop | The actuator is forcibly stopped when this signal has remained ON for 16 ms or more. The actuator decelerates to a stop at the torque set in the controller and the servo turns OFF. |
| 10A |  | IN5 | DCLR | Deviation counter clear | This signal clears the deviation counter. |
| 11A |  | IN6 | BKRL | Forced brake release | The brake is forcibly released. |
| 12A |  | IN7 | RMOD | Operation mode switching | The operation mode can be switched when the MODE switch on the controller is set to AUTO. (AUTO when this signal is OFF, and to MANU when the signal is ON.) |
| 13A |  | IN8 | NC | - | Not used |
| 14A |  | IN9 | NC | - | Not used |
| 15A |  | IN10 | NC | - | Not used |
| 16A |  | IN11 | NC | - | Not used |
| 17A |  | IN12 | NC | - | Not used |
| 18A |  | IN13 | NC | - | Not used |
| 19A |  | IN14 | NC | - | Not used |
| 20A |  | IN15 | NC | - | Not used |
| 1B | Output | OUTO | PWR | System ready | This signal turns ON when the controller becomes ready after the main power has been turned on. |
| 2B |  | OUT1 | SV | Servo ON status | This signal turns ON when the servo is ON. |
| 3B |  | OUT2 | INP | Positioning complete | This signal turns ON when the amount of remaining travel pulses in the deviation counter falls within the in-position band. |
| 4B |  | OUT3 | HEND | Home return complete | This signal turns ON upon completion of home return. |
| 5B |  | OUT4 | TLR | Torque limited | This signal turns ON upon reaching the torque limit while the torque is limited. |
| 6B |  | OUT5 | *ALM | Controller alarm status | This signal turns ON when the controller is normal, and turns OFF when an alarm generates. |
| 7B |  | OUT6 | *EMGS | Emergency stop status | This signal turns ON when the emergency stop of the controller is cancelled, and turns OFF when an emergency stop is actuated. |
| 8B |  | OUT7 | RMDS | Operation mode status | The operation mode status is output. This signal turns ON when the controller is in the manual mode. |
| 9B |  | OUT8 | ALM1 | Alarm code output signal | An alarm code is output when an alarm generates. <br> For details, refer to the operation manual. |
| 10B |  | OUT9 | ALM2 |  |  |
| 11B |  | OUT10 | ALM4 |  |  |
| 12B |  | OUT11 | ALM8 |  |  |
| 13B |  | OUT12 | *ALML | Minor failure alarm | This signal is output when a message-level alarm generates. |
| 14B |  | OUT13 | NC | - | Not used |
| 15B |  | OUT14 | ZONE1 | Zone signal 1 | This signal turns ON when the current position of the actuator falls within the parameter-set range. |
| 16B |  | OUT15 | ZONE2 | Zone signal 2 |  |
| 17B | Pulse input | $\square$ | NP | Differential pulse-train input (+) | Differential pulses are input from the host. Up to 200 kpps can be input. |
| 18B |  |  | /NP | Differential pulse-train input (-) |  |
| 19B | OV | , | N | Power supply | I/O power supply 0 V |
| 20B | OV | $\square$ | N | Power supply | I/O power supply 0 V |

(Note) "*" indicates a negative logic signal. Negative logic signals are normally ON while the power is supplied, and turn OFF when the signal is output.
(Note) The number of encoder pulses is 800 with all RCP5 series models. For details, refer to the operation manual.

## IField Network Specification: Explanation of Operation Modes

If the PCON-CA is controlled via a field network, you can select one of the following five modes to operate the actuator. Take note that the required data areas on the PLC side vary depending on the mode.

- Mode Description

|  | Mode |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Remote I/O mode | In this mode, the actuator is operated by controlling the ON/OFF of bits via the network, just like with the PIO specification. The number <br> of positioning points and functions vary with each of the operation patterns (PIO patterns) that can be set by the controller's parameter. |
| 1 | Position/simple direct <br> numerical mode | The target position is specified by directly entering a value, while other operating conditions (speed, acceleration, etc.) are set by <br> specifying the desired position number corresponding to the desired operating conditions already input to the position data table. |
| 2 | Half direct <br> numerical mode | The actuator is operated by specifying the speed, acceleration/deceleration and push current, in addition to the target position, by <br> directly entering values. |
| 3 | Full direct <br> numerical mode | The actuator is operated by specifying the target position, speed, acceleration/deceleration, push current control value, etc., by directly <br> entering values. <br> The current position, current speed, command current, etc., can also be read. |
| 4 | Remote I/O mode 2 | Same as the above remote I/O mode, plus the current position read function and command current read function. |

Required Data Size for Each Network

|  |  | DeviceNet | CC-Link | PROFIBUS-DP | CompoNet | PROFINET-IO | EtherCAT | EtherNet/IP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Remote I/O mode | 1 CH | 1 station | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |
| 1 | Position/simple direct <br> numerical mode | 4 CH | 1 station | 8 bytes | 8 bytes | 8 bytes | 8 bytes | 8 bytes |
| 2 | Half direct numerical <br> mode | 8 CH | 2 stations | 16 bytes | 16 bytes | 16 bytes | 16 bytes | 16 bytes |
| 3 | Full direct numerical <br> mode | 16 CH | 4 stations | 32 bytes | 32 bytes | 32 bytes | 32 bytes | 32 bytes |
| 4 | Remote I/0 mode 2 | 6 CH | 1 station | 12 bytes | 12 bytes | 12 bytes | 12 bytes | 12 bytes |

List of Functions by Operation Mode

|  | Remote I/O mode | Position/simple direct numerical mode | Half direct numerical mode | Full direct numerical mode | Remote I/O mode 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of positioning points | 512 points | 768 points | Unlimited | Unlimited | 512 points |
| Operation by direct position data specification | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Direct speed/acceleration specification | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Push-motion operation | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Current position read | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Current speed read | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| Operation by position number specification | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Completed position number read | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |

[^6]
## I External Dimensions



PCON-CFA



## I Specification List

| Item |  |  |  | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PCON-CA | PCON-CFA |
| Number of controlled axes |  |  |  | 1 axis |  |
| Power-supply voltage |  |  |  | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ |  |
| Load current (including control-side current consumption) (Note 1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCP2 } \\ & \text { RCP3 } \end{aligned}$ | Motor type | 20P, 28P, 28SP | 1 A max. |  |
|  |  |  | 42P, 56P | 2.2 A max. |  |
|  |  |  | 60P, 86P |  | 6 A max |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCP4 } \\ & \text { RCP5 } \end{aligned}$ | Motor type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28P, 35P, } \\ & 42 P, 56 \mathrm{P} \end{aligned}$ | High-output setting disabled: 2.2 A max. |  |
|  |  |  |  | High-output setting enabled: 3.5 A rated / 4.2 A max. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 A max |
| Electromagnetic brake power (for actuator with brake) |  |  |  | DC24V $\pm 10 \% \quad 0.15 \mathrm{~A}(\max )$ | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ 0.5A (max) |
| Rush current (Note 2) |  |  |  | 8.3A | 10A |
| Momentary power failure resistance |  |  |  | MAX. $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Supported encoder |  |  |  | Battery-less absolute encoder/incremental encoder |  |
| Actuator cable length |  |  |  | 20 m max. |  |
| External interface |  | PIO specification |  | Dedicated 24-VDC signal inputs/outputs (NPN/PNP selectable) --- Up to 16 input points, up to 16 output points, cable length up to 10 m |  |
|  |  | Field network specification |  | DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, CompoNet, PROFINET-IO, EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP |  |
| Data setting, input method |  |  |  | PC software, touch panel teaching pendant, teaching pendant |  |
| Data retention memory |  |  |  | Position data and parameters are saved in non-volatile memory. (There are no limits to how many times the memory can be rewritten.) |  |
| Operation mode |  |  |  | Positioner mode/pulse-train control mode (selectable by parameter setting) |  |
| Number of positioner-mode positions |  |  |  | Up to 512 points for positioner type or up to 768 points for network type (Note) The total number of positioning points varies depending on which PIO pattern is selected. |  |
| Pulse-train interface |  | Input pulses |  | Differential type (line-driver type): 200 kpps max., cable length up to 10 m |  |
|  |  | Open-collector type: Not supported. <br> * If the host uses open-collector outputs, use the separately sold AK-04 (optional) to change them to differential outputs. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Command pulse magnification (Electronic gear: A/B) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 50<A / B<50 / 1 \\ & \text { Setting range of } A \text { and } B \text { (set by parameters): } 1 \text { to } 4096 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Feedback pulse output |  | None |  |
| Insulation resistance |  |  |  | Not less than $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ at 500 VDC , |  |
| Electric shock protection mechanism |  |  |  | Class I, basic insulation |  |
| Mass (Note 3) |  | Incremental specification |  | Screw fixing type: Not more than 250 g / DIN rail fixing type: Not more than 285 g | Screw fixing type: Not more than $270 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{DIN}$ rail fixing type: Not more than 305 g |
|  |  | Simple absolute specification (including 190 g for battery) |  | Screw fixing type: Not more than $450 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{DIN}$ rail fixing type: Not more than 485 g |  |
| Cooling method |  |  |  | Natural cooling by air | Forced cooling by air |
| Environment |  | Ambient operating temperature |  | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  | Ambient operating humidity |  | Not more than 85\% RH (non-condensing) |  |
|  |  | Operating ambience |  | Free from corrosive gases |  |
|  |  | Degree of protection |  | IP20 |  |

[^7]

## 1 Added PLC function <br> MSEP-LC (*) <br> *) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity

Operating the actuator and controlling the ON/OFF of I/O (input/output) signals using a ladder logic program is now possible. If your equipment is small enough, the MSEP-LC is all you need to control it. If your equipment is larger in size, you can still use the MSEP-LC to perform distributed control for each process to reduce the load of the main PLC. The MSEP-LC also makes your program simpler and troubleshooting easier.


## 2

Supporting actuators with the battery-less absolute encoder
MSEP-LC (*) MSEP-C (*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE contormity.

Features of actuators with the battery-less absolute encoder

1 Home return is no longer necessary, so these actuators start and restart quicker than incremental actuators to begin working right away. They are also free from problems relating to home return, such as position shift.

2 Compared to standard absolute actuators, no battery is required, which results in the following benefits:

- No need to purchase or replace batteries
- No need to control the stocks and replacement timing of batteries
- No need to make adjustment (absolute reset) normally required after battery replacement

RoboCylinder with the battery-less absolute encoder
RCP5

## 3 Supporting the PowerCon (high-output driver) and Mini Cylinder MSEP-LC ( ${ }^{*}$ )

When the PowerCon (newly developed high-output driver) is installed and combined with the RCP5 or RCP4, high performance is realized as indicated by the maximum speed of 1.5 times higher than that of conventional models and payload of more than twice.
Since the super-compact Mini Cylinders are also supported, you have a greater range of actuator variations - from small to large - to choose from.


4
Supporting field networks
MSEP-LC (*)
MSEP-C
() MSEP-LC coming soon with CE contormity.

DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, CompoNet, EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP, PROFINET-IO and other major field networks are directly accessible.

## Features of the network specification

- 256 positioning points per axis
- Numerically specify the target position or speed to move to
- Checking the current position in real time
- Substantially shorter communications time inside the controller (approx. one-tenth of conventional models)


## 5 <br> Free ladder logic support software is downloadable from our website

## MSEP-LC (*)

(*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity.
Ladder support software is available for free download from our website. You can create a ladder program before purchasing any product.

## Available Soon

[Free] www.robocylinder.de -> download -> software


Choice of 6 boards to install
1 Pulse motor board
NEW 2 Pulse motor board for battery-less absolute specification
NEW 3 PowerCon (pulse high-output motor) board
NEW 4 PowerCon board for battery-less absolute specification
5 AC servo motor board
NEW 6 Mini Cylinder (DC servo motor) board

* Boards 3 and 4 permit operation of only one axis per board.




## I Application Examples

## Rear panel positioning system

Shifted work parts are aligned by the "push motion" of the RoboCylinder as they enter the machining stage for automotive rear panels. One controller can handle multiple axes, so wiring is easy.


Transferring work parts between machining systems

Work parts can be transferred between systems without using a dedicated PLC.

## Palletizing system

Should the system halt due to an emergency stop, etc., it can resume operation right away thanks to the battery-less absolute encoder.


Positioning on an automotive manufacturing line

In the case of a large-scale line, implementing distributed control of each process and connecting to the host controller via a field network reduces the control load of the host controller.


## I MSEP Controller Models



50

## Controller $<$ MSEP-C/LC>_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## I How to Operate the MSEP-C

## PIO Specification

Input position data to the MSEP-C and specify a desired position number via PIO from the
host PLC to operate the actuator.

PLC


Position data




1 Teaching pendant ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56 .
2 PC software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)

* You only need either 1 or 2 to complete all necessary settings.


## Field Network Specification

As with the PIO specification, input position data to the MSEP and specify a desired position number via a field network from the PLC to operate the actuator.

2 The PLC sends numerical position, speed and other data via a field network to operate the actuator.


Position data


Specification of target position
(Position specification) (Direct numerical specification)


Tools required for setting
1 Teaching pendant ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
2 PC software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
3 Gateway parameter setting tool

* You only need either 1 or 2 to complete all the necessary settings. 3 comes with the PC software.


## I How to Operate the MSEP-LC (*)

PIO Specification

The MSEP-LC runs a ladder logic program internally to operate the axis and control the PIO I/O signals. The axis can be operated either by using position data or specifying coordinates directly.


Tools required for setting
1 Teaching pendant ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
2 PC software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
3 Gateway parameter setting tool
4 Ladder logic support software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 48.)

* You only need either 11 or 2 to complete all the necessary settings.
3 comes with the PC software.
4 is downloadable from our website. Available Soon

Field Network Specification
The MSEP-LC runs a ladder logic program internally to operate the axis and control I/O signals via a network.
The axis can be operated either by using position data or specifying coordinates directly.


Tools required for setting
1 Teaching pendant ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
2 PC software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 56.)
3 Gateway parameter setting tool
4 Ladder support software ( $\rightarrow$ Refer to P. 48.)

* You only need either [1] ${ }^{2}$ to to complete all necessary settings.
[3 comes with the PC software. 4 is downloadable from our website. Avalible Soon

Position data



Ladder logic program

Names of the MSEP Controller Components


Caution: With the high-output setting specification (PowerCon), only one axis can be connected per slot.
Descriptions of the components

1 Motor-encoder connectors for the actuator connection
Connect motor-encoder cable to the actuator
2 Connector for the absolute data backup battery
Connect the absolute data backup battery if the controller has the absolute position encoder specification
Connector for the external brake input
The connector to input a signal to release the brake for the actuator externally.
4 Connector for the emergency stop input for power source shut-off
The emergency stop input connector to connect in/output terminal of the external relay of the motor drive shut-off and each driver slot (*1).
5 Information card for configuration of the connecting axes
The information card contains information regarding the configuration of the controller axes which is removable to examine the contents.
$6 \quad+\mathbf{2 4} \mathrm{V}$ power source input connector
The main power source connector for the controller: Motor drive source shut-down is possible while restoring the power source for the controller unit in case of an emergency shut-down; This is because the terminals for the power source of the motor and the controller are separate.
7 Fan unit
Easily replaceable fan unit. (Replacement fan unit: Model MSEP-FU)
8 AUTO/MANUAL switch
To switch automatic operation to/from manual operation
9 SIO connector
To connect teaching box and the connecting cable for PC software
10 System I/O connector
The connector for remote AUTO/MANU switch input and emergency stop input for the entire controller with functions including an external regeneration-resistance expansion terminal.
11 PIO connector/ field network connection connector (MSEP-C only)
The PIO specification - connects to a 68 -pin ribbon I/0 cable.
The field network specification - connects to a field network type specified on the MSEP controller.
12 Standard I/Os (MSEP-LC only) (*) (") Msep-LC coming soon with CE contormity.
The MSEP-LC comes installed with a 40 -pin PIO connector as standard equipment.
13 Expansion I/Os (MSEP-LC only) (*) (*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity.
Expansion I/Os can be installed as an option.
Available I/O types include PIO, DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, CompoNet, Ethernet/IP, EtherCAT and PROFINET-IO.
(*1) The shut-off feature is available on a single slot basis which is for two axes per slot. Please note that a single axis basis cannot be accommodated.

## I Input/Output (PIO) Signals

The MSEP-C has dedicated inputs and outputs set to PIO signals at 34 input points/34 output points. The axis operates when each signal is turned ON/OFF from the host PLC.
With the MSEP-LC, general-purpose input/output signals at 32 input points/32 output points can be used in a ladder logic program by using the standard 16 input points/16 output points plus expansion I/Os.

MSEP-C (PIO specification)


MSEP-LC (Expansion I/O specification) (*)
(*) MSEP-LC coming soon


PIO Wiring Diagram for MSEP-C


| Connector name: HIF6-68PA-1.27DS (Hirose Electric) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin No. | Category | Signal ID | Pin No. | Category | Signal ID |
| A1 | 24 V | For l/0 | A18 |  | OUTO |
| A2 |  | INO | A19 | Output | OUT1 |
| A3 | Input | IN1 | A20 | (Axis No. 0) | OUT2 |
| A4 | (Axis No. 0) | IN2 | A21 |  | OUT3 |
| A5 |  | IN3 | A22 |  | OUT4 |
| A6 |  | IN4 | A23 | Output | OUT5 |
| A7 | Input | IN5 | A24 | (Axis No. 1) | OUT6 |
| A8 | (Axis No. 1) | IN6 | A25 |  | OUT7 |
| A9 |  | IN7 | A26 |  | OUT8 |
| A10 |  | IN8 | A27 | Output | OUT9 |
| A11 | Input | IN9 | A28 | (Axis No. 2) | OUT10 |
| A12 | (Axis No. 2) | IN10 | A29 |  | OUT11 |
| A13 |  | IN11 | A30 |  | OUT12 |
| A14 |  | IN12 | A31 | Output | OUT13 |
| A15 |  | IN13 | A32 | (Axis No. 3) | OUT14 |
| A16 | (Axis No. 3) | IN14 | A33 |  | OUT15 |
| A17 |  | IN15 | A34 | OV | For I/O |


| Connector name: HIF6-68PA-1.27DS (Hirose Electric) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin No. | Category | Signal ID | Pin No. | Category | Signal ID |
| B1 | 24 V | For l/0 | B18 |  | OUT16 |
| B2 |  | IN16 | B19 | Output | OUT17 |
| B3 | Input | IN17 | B20 | (Axis No. 4) | OUT18 |
| B4 | (Axis No. 4) | IN18 | B21 |  | OUT19 |
| B5 |  | IN19 | B22 |  | OUT20 |
| B6 |  | IN20 | B23 | Output | OUT21 |
| B7 | Input | IN21 | B24 | (Axis No. 5) | OUT22 |
| B8 | (Axis No. 5) | IN22 | B25 |  | OUT23 |
| B9 |  | IN23 | B26 |  | OUT24 |
| B10 |  | IN24 | B27 | Output | OUT25 |
| B11 | Input | IN25 | B28 | (Axis No. 6) | OUT26 |
| B12 | (Axis No. 6) | IN26 | B29 |  | OUT27 |
| B13 |  | IN27 | B30 |  | OUT28 |
| B14 |  | IN28 | B31 | Output | OUT29 |
| B15 | Input | IN29 | B32 | (Axis No. 7) | OUT30 |
| B16 | (Axis No. 7) | IN30 | B33 |  | OUT31 |
| B17 |  | IN31 | B34 | OV | For l/O |

PIO Wiring Diagram for MSEP-LC (*) (*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity.


Standard I/Os

| Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory | Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | - | +24-V | A11 | Input | X006 |
| A2 |  | external input | A12 |  | X007 |
| A3 |  | Not used | A13 |  | X008 |
| A4 |  | Not used | A14 |  | X009 |
| A5 | Input | X000 | A15 |  | X00A |
| A6 |  | X001 | A16 |  | X00B |
| A7 |  | X002 | A17 |  | X00C |
| A8 |  | X003 | A18 |  | XOOD |
| A9 |  | X004 | A19 |  | XOOE |
| A10 |  | X005 | A20 |  | X 00 F |


| Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory | Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B1 | Output | Y000 | B11 | Output | YOOA |
| B2 |  | Y001 | B12 |  | YOOB |
| B3 |  | Y002 | B13 |  | YOOC |
| B4 |  | Y003 | B14 |  | YOOD |
| B5 |  | Y004 | B15 |  | YOOE |
| B6 |  | Y005 | B16 |  | YOOF |
| B7 |  | Y006 | B17 | - | Not used |
| B8 |  | Y007 | B18 |  | Not used |
| B9 |  | Y008 | B19 |  |  |
| B10 |  | Y009 | B20 |  | OVexternar input |



Expansion I/Os

| Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory | Pin No. | Category | Assigned memory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | , | +24-V | A11 | Input | X016 |
| A2 |  | external input | A12 |  | X017 |
| A3 |  | Not used | A13 |  | X018 |
| A4 |  | Not used | A14 |  | X019 |
| A5 | Input | X010 | A15 |  | X01A |
| A6 |  | X011 | A16 |  | X01B |
| A7 |  | X012 | A17 |  | X01C |
| A8 |  | X013 | A18 |  | X01D |
| A9 |  | X014 | A19 |  | X01E |
| A10 |  | X015 | A20 |  | X01F |



## I Table of General Specifications

| Specification item | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of axes in the controller | 8 axes MAX (MSEP-C), 6 axes MAX (MSEP-LC) (*) |  |  | (*) MSEP-LC coming soon with CE conformity. |  |  |  |
| Controller/ Motor input power | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brake power | 0.15 A x Number of axes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current consumption by control power | 0.8A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Controller inrush current | 5 A MAX, under 30 ms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor consumption current |  |  |  |  | Pulse motor type | Rated ampere | Maximum |
|  | Servo motor type | Rated ampere | Energy saver | Standard/ <br> Hi-accel./decel |  |  |  |
|  | 2W | 0.8A |  | 4.6A | 20P | 1.0A | 2.0A |
|  | 3W(RCD) | 0.7 A |  | 1.5A | 28P | 1.0A | 2.0A |
|  | 5W | 1.0A | , | 6.4 A | 35P | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { 2.2 A (high out- } \\ \text { put disabled) } \\ 3.5 \mathrm{~A} \text { (high } \\ \text { output } \\ \text { specification) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2.2 A (high output disabled) 4.2 A (high output specification) |
|  | 10W(RCL) | 1.3A |  | 6.4 A |  |  |  |
|  | 10W(RCA/RCA2) |  | 2.5 A | 4.4 A | 42P |  |  |
|  | 20W | 1.3 A | 2.5 A | 4.4A |  |  |  |
|  | 20 W (20S type) | 1.7A | 3.4A | 5.1A | 56P |  |  |
|  | 30W | 1.3A | 2.2A | 4.4A |  |  |  |
| Motor inrush current | Slot numbers x 10A MAX, under 5ms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor-encoder cable length | Maximum length 20 m (note) for absolute position |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Serial communication (SIO port: dedicated teaching) | RS485 1ch (Modbus protocol compatible) Speed 9.6 to 230.4kbps |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External interface P10 specification | PIO specification : DC24 V dedicated signal in/output; Maximum input of 4 points/axis; Maximum output of 4 points/axis; Maximum cable length 10 m |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External interface | DeviceNet, CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, PROFINET-IO, CompoNet, EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data configuration and input method | PC software application, touch panel teaching pendant, gateway parameter configuration tool |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data retention memory | Restore the position data and parameter in non-volatile memory (unlimited input) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positioning points | PIO specification: 2 or 3 points <br> Field network specification: 256 points (no limited input for the simple numerical control and the direct numerical control) (Note) The number of designated positions vary depending on the parameter configuration with motion mode selection. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LED display (On the front panel) | LED for driver status, 8 LEDs (for each driver board) Status LED, 4 LEDs (PIO specification), 7 LEDs (Fieldbus specification) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electromagnetic brake force release | Enable to force-release by transmitting a deactivation signal to each axis (DC24 V input). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surge protection | Overcurrent protection (A cut-off semiconductor circuit is built-in on each slot) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric shock protection | Class I basic insulation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | DC500V $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 620 g with the absolute position encoder specification plus 1950 g absolute data backup battery(8-axis specification) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling method | Forced- air cooling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient operating temperature/humidity | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, under $85 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| International Protection code | IP20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## | Exterior Dimensions

Controller (The same dimensions apply to the MSEP-C/LC.)


Absolute data backup battery box


## | Options

## Teaching pendant

-Summary Teaching device for positioning input, test operation, and monitoring.


## Specification

| Rated voltage | 24 V DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power consumption | 3.6 W or less (150 mA or less) |
| Ambient operating temperature | $0 \sim 50^{\circ}$ |
| Ambient operating humidity | 20 to $85 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |
| Environmental resistance | IP40 (initial state) |
| Weight | 507 g ( (TB-01 unit only) |

PC software (Windows only) * For the MSEP field network specification, the PC software is required.

- Summary A startup support software for inputting positions, performing test runs, and monitoring. With enhancements for adjustment functions, the startup time is shortened.

$\boxed{\square}$ Model $\quad$ RCM-101-MW (External device communication cable + RS232 conversion unit)



## External regeneration resistor

- Summary The regeneration resistor converts regenerated current dissipated during deceleration of the motor load into heat. The MSEP controller has an internal regeneration resistor for ordinary operations, however, depending on the operational condition, please install an external regeneration resistor if the internal regeneration resistor capacity is insufficient.


## - Model RER-1



## Box for the absolute data backup battery

- Summary If the absolute position encoder specification is selected with code ABB, the absolute data backup battery box is included with the controller. However, if the battery box is ordered as a separate unit, it does not include the battery but just the box itself. If the battery is needed, please purchase it separately. (Model: AB-7).
- Model MSEP-ABB (Batteries not included)


## |Exterior dimensions See P. 55

* A cable (Model CB-MSEP-AB005) that connects the absolute data backup battery box to the MSEP is included with the box.


Driver board
-Summary A supplement or modification to the driver board is feasible with the MSEP controller. When the actuator that control motions needs to be modified, just replacing the driver board would serve the purpose without changing the entire controller. (The parameters need to be adjusted when changing the driver board)

- Model

| Motor type | High output type | Encoder type | Number of axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulse motor | High output setting | Battery-less absolute/ incremental | 1-axis | MSEP-PPD1-W |
|  |  | Simple absolute | 1-axis | MSEP-PPD1-A |
|  | Cancellation of high output setting | Battery-less absolute/ incremental | 1-axis | MSEP-PD1-W |
|  |  |  | 2-axis | MSEP-PD2-W |
|  |  | Simple absolute | 1-axis | MSEP-PD1-A |
|  |  |  | 2-axis | MSEP-PD2-A |
| AC servo motor | - | Incremental | 1-axis | MSEP-AD1-I |
|  |  |  | 2-axis | MSEP-AD2-I |
|  |  | Simple absolute | 1-axis | MSEP-AD1-A |
|  |  |  | 2-axis | MSEP-AD2-A |
| DC servo motor | - | Incremental | 1-axis | MSEP-DD1-I |
|  |  |  | 2-axis | MSEP-DD2-I |

Replacement battery

\| Model MSEP-FU

## Service parts_RCP5 ${ }_{\text {series }}$

## I Service parts



* Please indicate cable length (L) in $\square \square \square$, maximum 20m. e.g.) $080=8 \mathrm{~m}$


Actuator side

Minimum bending radius 5 m or less length $R=68 \mathrm{~mm}$ or more (for moving parts) Longer than $5 \mathrm{~m} \quad \mathrm{R}=73 \mathrm{~mm}$ or more (for moving parts)

* The robot cable is designed for flex-resistance: Please use the robot cable if the cable has to be installed through the cable track.
(Note 1) If the cable is 5 m or longer, $\varnothing 9.1$ cable diameter applies for a non-robot cable and $\varnothing 10$ for a robot cable.

Controller side PADP-24V-1-S (JST)



| Model |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| number | CB-APSEP-MPA $\square \square \square$ - LC $\quad$ Integrated Motor-Encoder Cable Integrated Motor-Encoder Robot Cable

for
RCP3/RCA2 and others


Actuator side
Minimum bending radius $\mathrm{R}=68 \mathrm{~mm}$ or more (for moving parts)

| Actuator side |  |  |  | Controller side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin number |  | [PCON(ACON) |  | Pin number |
| A1 |  | [ 04 A (U) |  | 1 |
| B1 |  | [VMM] (V) |  | 2 |
| A2 |  | $[\phi / A](W)$ |  | 5 |
| B2 |  | $[$ [OB] $]$ (-) |  | 3 |
| A3 |  | [VMM] (-) |  | 4 |
| B3 |  | [ $0 / 8]$ ] (-) |  | 6 |
| A4 |  | [ $[5+$ ] (BK+) |  | 7 |
| B4 |  | [LSS-1(BC) |  | 8 |
| A6 |  | [-j](A) |  | 11 |
| B6 | 1 | [-] $(\mathrm{A})$ |  | 12 |
| A7 |  | $[A+](B+)$ |  | 13 |
| B7 | Fiv | $[\mathrm{A}-1(\mathrm{~B}-)$ | \# | 14 |
| A8 | , | $\left.{ }^{\text {[ }}+\mathrm{l}\right](\mathrm{Z}+)$ |  | 15 |
| B8 |  | [ $\mathrm{B}-1(2)$ |  | 16 |
| A5 |  |  |  | 9 |
| B5 | (110) | ${ }_{[B K-]}(\mathrm{LS}-1)$ | " | 10 |
| A9 |  | [GNDLS (GNDLS) |  | 20 |
| B9 | - | [VPSS (VPS) |  | 18 |
| A10 |  | [ $\mathrm{VCC]}$ ] (VCC) |  | 17 |
| 810 | $\sim$ | [GG0) [GND) |  | 19 |
| $\frac{\text { A11 }}{\text { B11 }}$ |  | Shield (FG) (FG) |  | 21 |
|  |  |  |  | 22 |
|  |  | NC |  | 23 |



## I Rod Installation Option



## RCP5-RA10C/RA10R

Model number
RCP5-FL-RA10


Tip adapter (Flange)
$\square$ Option code FFA Applicable rod types RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C

$\square$ Option code NFA Applicable rod types RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C


Tip adapter (Keyway)
Option code KFA Applicable rod types RCP5-RA4C/RA6C/RA7C


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[^0]:    * The "CT Effects" refer to increased production output per unit time with "shorter cycle time" and "reduced choco-tei" achieved by re-examining the devices that are part of automation equipment.

[^1]:    ＊In the model numbers shown above，（1）indicates the field network specification（DV，CC，PR，CN，PRT，EC or EP），

[^2]:    * In the model numbers shown above, (1) indicates the field network specification (DV, CC, PR, CN, PRT, EC or EP)

[^3]:    (Note) MSEP-C/LC is available for high output only if "High-Output Specification" (PowerCon) is selected in the options.

[^4]:    (*1) Zone signal output: A desired zone is set by Parameter Nos. 1 and 2 or 23 and 24 , and the set zone always remains effective once home return has completed.

[^5]:    (Note) In the table above, asterisk symbol "*" accompanying each code indicates a negative logic signal. PM1 to PM8 are alarm binary code output signals that are used when an alarm generates.
    (Note 1) In all PIO patterns other than 3, this signal can be switched with PZONE by setting Parameter No. 149 accordingly
    (Note 2) The setting will not become effective until the home return is completed

    ## Reference) Negative logic signal

    Signals denoted by "*" are negative logic signals. Negative logic input signals are processed when turned OFF. Negative logic output signals normally remain ON while the power is supplied, and turn OFF when the signal is output. Note: The names of the signals above inside "( )" are functions before the unit returns home.

[^6]:    * "○" indicates that the operation is supported, and "-" indicates that it is not supported.

[^7]:    Note 1) 0.3 A higher for the field network specification.
    Note 2) Rush current flows for approx. 5 msec after the power is input (at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). Exercise caution that the rush current value varies depending on the impedance of the power line.
    Note 3) 30 g heavier for the field network specification.

